

WALTERS AGAIN MAYOR

Geo. L. Rogers Chosen Comptroller, L. P. Moen and W. J. Shumway, Assessors, and F. E. Boyer, Treasurer.

An unusually quiet city election was held in Stevens Point Tuesday. The principal contest was for mayor between the present incumbent, Dr. F. A. Walters, and A. J. Cunneen. La Follette received a majority of votes for president and advices from the state are that his delegates have been chosen to the national convention in Chicago. It is believed that Wilson delegates are elected on the Democratic ticket. The fusion ticket was elected in Milwaukee by 15,000 majority, thus downing the Socialists, who have controlled for two years.

MAYOR	
Cunneen	Walters
First ward..... 103	144
Second ward..... 119	131
Third ward..... 95	86
Fourth ward..... 119	260
Fifth ward..... 77	124
Sixth ward..... 43	57
Total..... 556	802
Walters' plurality, 246. John Hebal, Social Democrat candidate for mayor, received a total of 88 votes.	

COMPTROLLER	
Langosky	Rogers
First ward..... 46	194
Second ward..... 31	212
Third ward..... 34	147
Fourth ward..... 250	121
Fifth ward..... 24	61
Sixth ward..... 18	79
Total..... 403	814
Rogers' majority, 411.	

For justice of the peace the vote by wards was as follows: F. Boyanowski, 79, 47, 38, 220, 33, 25—total, 442. J. B. Carpenter, 161, 203, 133, 114, 140, 65—total, 516. R. M. Frydrychowicz, 74, 50, 54, 265, 22, 20—total, 485. G. L. Park, 166, 180, 138, 153, 113, 58—total, 808. Jas. Wilson, 77, 81, 54, 42, 66, 27—total, 347.

Carpenter, Frydrychowicz and Park were elected.

CON-TABLE	
Corda	Sellers
First ward..... 59	139
Second ward..... 25	197
Third ward..... 51	115
Fourth ward..... 260	72
Fifth ward..... 31	131
Sixth ward..... 22	57
Total..... 428	711
Sellers' plurality, 283.	

For treasurer, J. R. Sawtell, the Social Democrat candidate, received 236 votes.

F. L. Jarvis, one of the Social Democrats running for assessor, received 172 votes in the various wards, and L. P. Schueller, for the same office, polled 129 votes. The two candidates elected for these positions, are L. P. Moen and W. J. Shumway. Moen received 1,001 votes and Shumway 759. Adelbert Strong, who ran as a Social Democrat for constable, received 129 votes.

For alderman in the First ward Alex Wallace was elected over Irving S. Hull by 33 majority, the vote being 131 to 98. S. Docka, Social Democrat, received 13 votes.

G. L. Park was chosen First ward supervisor without opposition.

Louis Port had no opponent for Second ward alderman and G. K. Mansur defeated Paul Schadewald for supervisor by a vote of 211 to 28.

V. P. Atwell will represent the Third ward as alderman, receiving 143 votes to 36 for John W. Goodrich. F. M. Playman, the only candidate for supervisor, polled 165 votes. Anton Firkus was re-elected alderman of the Fourth ward. The vote was: Firkus 181, Joe Mattise 34, Adam Manczewski 53, Joe Milcharek 115. Joe Moczuch polled 303 votes for supervisor.

John Leahy will succeed Albert E. Redfield as Fifth ward alderman, defeating the latter by a vote of 115 to 86, or 29 majority. J. B. Carpenter was again elected supervisor, getting 161 votes.

For alderman in the Sixth ward, R. S. Sparks was again elected, the vote being as follows: Sparks 51, Fred Stieler 38, C. G. Foerster 19. G. D. Aldrich defeated Peter Lind for supervisor, the vote being 81 to 23.

JUDICIAL

First ward..... B. B. Park 245

Second ward..... 258

Third ward..... 183

Fourth ward..... 303

Fifth ward..... 167

Sixth ward..... 107

Total..... 1,263

Bead Lake Looking Up.

Chas. H. Curtis returned this morning from Newport, Wash., where he devoted a couple of weeks to inspecting property owned by the Bead Lake Mining Co. and assisting in the purchase of even more mining claims, making a total of twenty claims now owned by the Bead Lake people. He comes back more highly enthused than ever and predicts that the stock will be worth par within a year. A display of ore will be placed in Taylor's drug store window.

Doctors Will Talk.

Next Saturday afternoon's meeting of the Woman's Club will be another open one and the public is cordially invited to attend. The program to be carried out will be of especial interest to parents, whose presence is earnestly desired. Dr. Southwick will give a talk on "The Care and Development of Children from Childhood to Maturity," and Dr. J. M. Bischoff will talk on the care of the teeth in general, making a special plea for the systematic examination of the teeth of school children.

The Teachers Come Home.

The Misses Edith Hamacker, Minnie and Mabel Sustins, Rosetta Johnson and Emma Lien, all of Wausau, Mable Reading of Neenah, Mattie Larson of Stanley, Genevieve Clifford of Washburn, Theresa Gleason of Rosholt, Kenneth Halverson of Milladore, Anna Zimmer of Green Bay, Florence Whitney of Duluth, Maude Whitney of St. Paul, Inez Whitney of Jefferson, Mae Curran of Marshfield and Georgia Barrows of Chippewa Falls are spending the spring vacation at their respective homes in this city from their duties as teachers.

Easter at Presbyterian Church.

The Presbyterian Sunday school will conduct special Easter services at 9:30 o'clock next Sunday morning. At 10:45 o'clock the pastor, Rev. John A. Stemen, will speak on "The Message of Immortality," and appropriate music in honor of the day will be rendered by the choir.

Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock the members of Crusade Commandery, K. T., and their friends will attend services at this church and listen to Rev. Stemen's address on "The Knights of the Cross as Easter Pilgrims." There will also be special musical features at this time.

The young people will hold services at 6:30 p. m. and an hour later will begin a sacred concert, music being furnished by a chorus choir and soloists. The public is invited to these services.

FOUR SCORE AND TWO

Mrs. Thos. Kirby, Portage County Pioneer, Dies at Her Home in Buena Vista Township.

Mrs. Thos. Kirby, a true pioneer of Portage county and for over half a century a resident of Buena Vista township, died at her home last week Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. She contracted a severe cold a few days before, which brought on other complications, and because of her advanced age she was unable to rally. Mr. Kirby is in such poor health that he was unable to attend the funeral.

Besides her husband, she leaves three grandchildren and eleven great grandchildren. The first mentioned are Geo. H. Corrigan, who lives near the old home in Buena Vista, Mrs. F. R. Poust of Lanark, Mrs. O. E. Carpenter of Buena Vista.

Bridget Birmingham was born in County Mayo, Ireland, in 1830, therefore she was about 82 years of age. The family emigrated to America and the young lady was married in 1854 at Cambridge, Mass., to Thomas Kirby. Coming west to Stevens Point they lived for a time on the west side of the Wisconsin river, then going to the south part of Buena Vista and had since been engaged in farming.

Nine children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Kirby, eight of whom died in infancy. A daughter, Mrs. Geo. H. Corrigan, Sr., passed away in 1884 at the age of 27 years.

Funeral services were held at St. Patrick's church, Lanark, last Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Rev. J. E. Meagher officiating. Interment followed in the parish cemetery. Pallbearers were Edward and Michael Hopkins, John Gray, Michael Tobin, Alfred Wauty and Thos. Hanley.

Business College Notes.

Paul A. Carlson made the school a short visit Tuesday morning while on his way home. We are much pleased to hear good reports from our old students. Mr. Carlson is principal of the commercial department of the Jefferson schools.

Bessie Chinadl has accepted a position in the office of the Cove Furniture Co. Miss Chinadl graduated from the bookkeeping department March 15th.

By a unanimous vote of the members of the school there will be a vacation from Friday noon of this week to Wednesday morning, April 10th.

Boy Scouts Basket Ball.

Boy Scouts from Marshfield and a number of their friends came down Tuesday afternoon and last evening played basketball with local Scouts at the Normal gym. The games resulted 9 to 6 in favor of our team. The visitors gave a fine exhibition drill, showed first aid to injured and performed other stunts which interested the large audience. Later in the evening a reception was held at the public library club rooms, refreshments being served by High school girls.

HIMLEY TO BE CASHIER

Forest County Man Will Manage New State Bank at Arnott—May Open Soon.

Stockholders in the new State bank at Arnott are now paying for their shares and it is expected that the details of this \$10,000 organization will be completed within a few days. The matter of securing temporary quarters is being discussed so that the bank may begin business on or before May 1st. Should this not be deemed advisable, the new institution will open by June 1st in its own building, plans for which have been approved. The new structure will be of solid brick, 24x30 feet in dimensions, the front of red pressed brick and stone trimmings. A spacious lobby will occupy one side, at the rear of which is the directors' room. About two-thirds of the floor space will be devoted to the working quarters and the vault, the latter occupying a space 8x8 feet.

A manganese steel safe with screw door and guaranteed burglar proof will be placed within the vault.

C. G. Himley, for eight years county clerk of Forest county, has come from Crandon to accept the cashiership of the Arnott bank. He will also be the heaviest stockholder. Those who will serve as directors are Chas. Breitenstein, John A. Werachowski, Elmer J. Carley, Andrew Yokers, Sr., A. F. Neuman, Arthur Raymond and C. S. Orthman. The latter is assistant cashier of the Citizens National bank in this city, the others being prominent farmers or merchants at and near Arnott.

Mr. Breitenstein has been selected as president, Mr. Carley as first vice president, Mr. Orthman as second vice president.

Mr. Himley, the new cashier, was a former school teacher, but of late had been connected with the Wabeno State bank.

Typewriting Contest.

The first of a series of tests in typewriting was given Tuesday morning at the Stevens Point Business College for the purpose of awarding a medal offered by the Remington Typewriter Company. These tests are to be given once in two weeks and about the first of June the student showing the best progress in accuracy, neatness, arrangement and speed in typewriting will receive the gold medal.

Considerable enthusiasm has already been shown, and it is hoped that at the next test several others may decide to join the twelve who have now entered the contest.

Easter at M. E. Church.

Easter services at the Methodist church will be held as follows: Sunday school at 9:45 o'clock; preaching by the pastor, Rev. Thomas A. North, at 10:45 o'clock, the subject being "The Easter Joy." The choir will sing Easter anthems and appropriate solos. In the evening the chorus choir will sing Ashford's Easter Cantata, "The Resurrection Light." The soloists who will take part at this time are Geo. Smalley, tenor, Joseph Kimball, baritone, Valentine Putz, bass, Miss Mae Stanton, soprano, and Miss Mildred Kelsey, alto; and the quartet will be composed of Mae Stanton, Margaret Tozier, Mildred Kelsey, Fred Wilson and Valentine Putz. Miss Etta Bloye will act as accompanist. The public is cordially invited to all of the Sunday services.

High School Notes.

School will close Friday for the Easter vacation of one week.

Misses Mae Curran and Anna Mason were visitors Tuesday morning.

The Juniors are busy making banners for decoration at the Prom.

At a meeting of the Senior class last Friday after school, the following committee was selected to choose the staff for the Senior issue of "The Nooz": Doris Mason, Helen Empey, Earl Heil, Miss Graham and Miss Dunning.

The following program was carried out at the meeting of the Literary society last Thursday evening:

Louise Southwick, Veda Parker Reading.....Lorraine Aurel Current Events.....Pearl Bunin, Aurella Kimball, Emanuel Wiesner, Emil Hafsoos.

Vocal Duet..... Mildred Merry, Helen Diamond Origin of All Fool's Day.....Ruth Hudson

Tragesser Will Make Good.

Stevens Point base ball fans will remember Tragesser, who caught for the local team last year. He finished the season with the St. Paul team of the American Association, and has been re-engaged for the coming season. This club had been in training at Little Rock, Ark., for several weeks. Last Sunday's St. Paul Pioneer Press gives "Trag" this very kind mention:

Walter Tragesser, former Purdue university baseball star, is hitting the ball nicely for the Saints and the big backstop is making a hard fight for a place on the Kelley club. Although he was with the Saints a few weeks at the close of the 1911 season, Tragesser was not given a chance to show anything, but from present indications he is going to give all of the catchers a fight. He has been working well behind the bat and his throwing arm seems to be in fair condition. But, leading everything is his hitting and in the practice games played the big fellow apparently has experienced no trouble whatever in hitting the pitchers. Left and right handers all look alike to "Trag," and when he uncorks a bingle, it generally goes for a base.

FORMER RESIDENTS GONE

Samuel J. Ellis Dies at Berlin, Jas. Reilly at Milwaukee and Fred Allen in Pennsylvania.

SAMUEL J. ELLIS.

Many friends of Sam J. Ellis, who lived in Stevens Point for some time along in the latter '70's, will be grieved to learn of his death, which occurred without warning in his home city, Berlin, on Monday evening of last week. After supper he went down town and stepped into a store to get a cigar. After lighting it, he engaged in conversation with the proprietor, and while they were talking, Mr. Ellis commenced to sink to the floor and died almost instantly. Death being caused from heart failure. Mr. Ellis spent most of his life at Berlin, going there with his parents when four years of age and that had always been his home with the exception of the short time he lived in Stevens Point. He was born at Malone, N. Y., July 4, 1849, and during the war served in Co. C, 41st Wisconsin Inf. Oct. 6, 1868, he was married at Berlin to Miss Emma Eaton, who survives him, together with one daughter, Mrs. W. C. Russell, at whose home Mr. and Mrs. Ellis had been residing for some time. After leaving here he engaged in the meat market business at Berlin, was deputy sheriff, and for 15 years filled the office of chief of police. For the past few years he had been employed as cutter in the factory of the W. C. Russell Moccasin Co.

Sam Ellis will be remembered as a great hearted, whole-souled gentleman, one whose friends were innumerable, and he never through any fault of his own made an enemy. Mrs. Ellis will also be kindly remembered by a number of our readers here and elsewhere, and to her and their daughter, together with the aged mother, a sister and brother, sincere sympathy is extended.

The funeral took place at Berlin last Friday afternoon, the services being under the auspices of the G. A. R. and I. O. O. F.

JAMES REILLY.

James Reilly, who was a resident of Stevens Point for a number of years prior to 1894, when he moved to Milwaukee, died at his home on Grand avenue in that city last Saturday morning. He had been in poor health for a number of years and was confined to his home for several months before the end.

The deceased gentleman was a native of County Kilkenny, Ireland, where he was born in 1833, and was therefore 79 years of age. He came to America when a young man and for a number of years worked in the lumber woods along the Wolf and Fox rivers, being employed at nominal wages. Fond du Lac was his home for years, during which time he was employed by the Hamilton Lumber Co., later coming to Stevens Point with A. E. Bosworth, they buying the Knox Bros. saw mill, which was located where the Clifford Lumber Co. plant now stands. The firm of Bosworth & Reilly carried on extensive lumbering operations for about 15 years, which Mr. Reilly closed out after the death of his partner. He is survived by his wife, who was formerly Miss Marie Corbett, to whom he was married at Oshkosh in 1873. He also leaves one daughter, who will be remembered as Miss Grace Reilly, and who is now the wife of Dr. A. H. Levings of Milwaukee. Mr. Reilly was a member of Stevens Point Branch No. 11, C. K. of W., and during his residence here served as mayor for one term, being elected without opposition, and previous to that time was a member of the aldermanic body. All who knew him are pained to learn of his death.

The funeral took place from the Gesu church on Grand avenue, Milwaukee, Monday morning, followed by interment in Calvary cemetery. Those who acted as pallbearers were Jas. Meehan, Dr. W. J. Cronyn, Judge Halsey, J. K. Russell, Chas. Naff and Louis A. Dahlman.

FRED ALLEN.

Fred Allen, who had been living near Fredonia, N. Y., during the past year, and for several years prior at Dunkirk, died at Lambert, Pa., March 22d and his funeral took place on the 26th ult. Mr. Allen had not been in good health for some time, forcing him to resign his position as foreman in the American Locomotive Co. works at Dunkirk and to take up his residence in a rural district near Fredonia. The direct cause of his death, however, was pneumonia, contracted by catching cold while endeavoring to save his home from destruction by fire a couple of weeks before his death, and in which effort he was unsuccessful.

Mr. Allen was a native of England, and was 66 years of age. He had resided in this country much of his life and came to Stevens Point in the latter '90's, holding the position of foreman in the car department of the Wisconsin Central shops until he resigned to go east. He served for one term as a member of the board of education and was in all respects a man of intelligence, integrity and progressive ideas. He was a good citizen and friend, a kind husband and father. Besides his widow, whose maiden name was Miss Harriett Newby, a sister of Mrs. Fred Huntley and Wm. Newby of Buena Vista, and Mrs. Wm. Fisher of this city, he leaves one daughter, Miss Elizabeth Allen, a stepson and stepdaughter, Will Thompson of Broken Bow, Neb., Mrs. Jos. Brown of Dunkirk. Mr. Allen was a prominent Mason and his funeral was conducted with Masonic rites.

Buy your clover, timothy, alfalfa, alsyke and rape seed at Chas. A. Hamacker's.

Given Surprise Banquet.

Officers of the Presbyterian church and of the different organizations affiliated therewith, together with their wives or husbands, were entertained at a banquet at the home of W. H. Coye last Saturday evening. The event was planned and successfully carried out by Mrs. Coye as a surprise in honor of the gentleman's birthday anniversary. Guests were present to the number of thirty-two. Rev. J. A. Stemen acted as toastmaster, which is assurance that the post-prandial features were not the least entertaining of the evening.

TWO MORE NEW HOUSES

Dr. Bischoff to Erect Modern Structures at and Near Corner of Division and Jefferson Streets.

Shortly before the sudden freeze-up last fall, Dr. J. M. Bischoff had workmen lay the basement walls for a modern dwelling house on Division street, just north of the corner of Jefferson street. Plans are now ready to push this house to completion. It will be of frame construction and equipped with everything found in an up-to-date home.

Dr. Bischoff has also decided to build another residence on the corner lot which promises to be equal to any in that neighborhood. The walls will be of stucco-cement, the new material which came into use in Stevens Point for the first time last season. This property has already been rented to W. E. Fisher, the attorney.

Only a Dog—But.

A couple of weeks ago Miss Myrna Jensen was the proud possessor of a beautiful fox terrier, "Kentucky." He was a valuable animal and prized not only for his beauty and pedigree, but his unusual intelligence, which commanded the respect and admiration of everyone who knew him. Someone, however, (to whom a dog is only a dog) let us hope, carelessly or accidentally, administered a dose which removed him. Very few dogs will be more missed than "Kentucky."

TOWNS AND VILLAGES

Names of Officers Chosen in Many of the Districts at Tuesday's Election.

Amherst village—President, A. L. Rounds; supervisor, Richard Wilson.

Amherst—Supervisors, John Een, chm., H. E. Loberg, Fred Shanklin; clerk, M. A. Fleming; assessor, Peter Peterson; treasurer, Louis Miller; justices of the peace, Ed. Tobie, Albert Anderson; constables, John Bickel, B. E. Dwinell, M. L. Gordon.

This town voted "dry" by a majority of 28. For president Taft received 25. LaFollette 150, Wilson 16, Clark 13.

Amherst Junction village—President, H. N. Nelson; trustees, Fred Ellinger, C. H. Rickman, John Koshekowski, Geo. Starks, A. H. Gliscinski, Geo. Larson; supervisor, H. H. Hoffman; clerk, Albert H. Pidde; assessor, M. P. Kjer; treasurer, L. L. Nelson; constables, H. J. Fletcher, Felix Dryfka, justice of the peace, M. P. Kjer; police justice, H. H. Hoffman.

Buena Vista—Supervisors, L. A. Precourt, chm., Ed. Berry, Fred Boelter; clerk, L. E. Wentworth; treasurer, S. Whittaker; assessor, Alf. Wauty; justice, U. J. Puaria; constables, E. C. McCormick, John A. Berry.

Carson—Supervisors, David Campbell, chm., Joe Jadack, Peter Shilka; clerk, Martin Sweeney; treasurer, L. Schulist; assessor, Albert Peters; justice, Nels Jepson; constables, Peter Klish, Fred Zimmerman.

Dewey—Supervisors, Steve Tetsloff, chm., Mike Levandowski, Nick Keen; clerk, John Yack, Jr.; treasurer, John Woznicki; assessor, John B. Yack; justices, S. Tetsloff, J. Woznicki; constables, Steve Tetta, J. B. Yack.

Hull—Supervisors, Arthur VanOrder, chm., Anton Mishak, Joe Lila; clerk, John Marchel, Jr.; treasurer, Felix Tetsloff; assessor, Jos. Weisbrod.

Junction City village—President, A. B. Ferky; clerk, S. S. Leith; treasurer, John Slota; assessor, Wm. Arians; supervisor, H. G. Grashorn; trustees, J. Zivney, Henry Rux, Frank Dix, O. Voyer, A. Lauer, J. Skibba; constable, Wm. Verthein; justices of peace, Mike Hietzing, C. J. Heun.

Linwood—Supervisors, John Flaig, chm., Ed. Barden, Nick Nymczek; clerk, F. R. Jones; treasurer, John Pascavus; assessor, Fred Brown.

Flower—Supervisors, H. W. Norton, chm., F. L. Taylor, R. W. Parks; clerk, W. H. Calkins; treasurer, W. D. Taylor; assessor, John Porter; justices, R. W. Parsons, W. L. Hartwell; constables, Orrin Clendenning, Geo. Cartmill.

Sharon—Supervisors, Mike Kluck, chm., Jos. Bembek, John Wansierski; clerk, Mike Pallen; treasurer, J. J. Omernik; assessor, Teofil Czech; justices of the peace, Mike Pallen, Albert Eiden; constables, L. Kluck, Aug. Gorecki, Martin Stanislawski.

By a majority of 48 the voters of Sharon decided to move the location of the town hall about four miles north, near the Tricweiler farm, and appropriate \$500 for a new building.

Stockton—Supervisors, Alex Kluck, chm., John Giesinski, Anton Cyr, clerk, Frank Witchek; treasurer, J. P. Lukaszevich; assessor, A. J. Kubisiak; justices, J. B. Dawley, J. P. Dineen, Bert Somers, Nick Klopotek; constables, John E. Kaszewski, Anton Kilezewski, John Gosh...

MANY NEW AUTOMOBILES

Residents of Stevens Point and Portage County Buy Cars From Auto Sales Co.

The Auto Sales Company, whose garage is located on Strong's avenue and Clark street, have sold an E. M. F. touring car to Judge B. B. Park, Overland cars to L. J. Seeger, A. M. Leickteig and the Worzalla Land Co., and Buick autos to T. H. Hanna and Dr. C. von Neupert, Jr., all of this city. The out-of-town sales include three Overlands for residents of Almond village, one going to R. A. Livingston, another to Wm. and Albert Prochnow, and the third to J. A. Bowden.

Nick Miller, the South Side meat dealer, will in future make deliveries with the aid of a 20-horsepower Studebaker wagon, which is expected to arrive today and was sold through the Auto Sales Co.

The mechanical department of this latter concern is now in charge of Elmer Scanlan, until recently superintendent of the Buick shop in Milwaukee.

Ed. Ward Sells Farm.

Edwin Ward has sold his farm of 80 acres in Stockton township to Anton Herman for a consideration of \$5,700. Mr. Herman owns and operates the adjoining farm of 140 acres, which he bought a few years ago from Edwin's father, Rupert Ward. Ed. expects to take a trip to the western country before deciding on a new location.

Funeral of Mrs. Felker.

The remains of Mrs. Christine Felker, whose death was announced last week, were taken to Almond for interment Friday morning. Funeral services were conducted at the residence of the daughter of the deceased, Mrs. E. A. Arenberg, by Rev. John A. Stemen, pastor of the Presbyterian church, at 9 o'clock. The funeral party reached Almond at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, where Mr. Stemen also officiated. Those present from outside the city were Mr. and Mrs. Herman Felker of Waupaca and Mrs. A. H. Young of Abbotford, the latter being a sister, while Mr. Felker is a son of the deceased. The pallbearers were John R. McDonald, John A. Murat, Geo. T. Wakefield, G. K. Mansur, W. W. Mitchell and E. J. Pfiffer.

Circuit Court Cases.

In the case of Gustave Ciciorka vs. the Milwaukee Sandstone Co., which was in the hands of the jury when The Gazette went to press last Wednesday, a verdict for the plaintiff company was found—that the plaintiff was not injured while in the employ of the defendant.

G. W. Andrea vs. Teofil Gladowski. Judgment of foreclosure and sale for \$1,924.50.

Jacob Hanish, an Illinois corporation, vs. J. M. Kluck. Judgment for plaintiff for \$572.92.

The fine of Jacob Rath, Jr., for being late in court, was reduced from \$10 to \$2, which amount was held from his per diem.

Martha Pestka vs. Frank Pestka. Judgment of divorce.

John Busa et al vs. Anton Gilka. Continued.

In the matter of the naturalization of Neils Peter Hansen. Dismissed.

In the matter of the naturalization of John Louis Larson. Hearing continued to October term.

Alta Pike vs. Percy Pike. Judgment of divorce.

Frebert Seefeldt vs. Paulena Seefeldt. Dismissed for want of prosecution.

August Kirschling vs. Alex Kluck. Settled.

Maryanna Kedrowski vs. Jos. Kedrowski et al. Judgment for plaintiff.

Ursula J. Woodward vs. Leroy T. Woodward. Waushara county special. Judgment of divorce.

EXTRA

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COMING SOON

RELIABLE SPECIALISTS WITH A WORLD WIDE REPUTATION

BATTLE CREEK DOCTORS

WILL BE HERE
ONE DAY ONLY
ON DATE GIVEN BELOW

NOTED SPECIALISTS
WHOSE MANY CURES HAVE NEVER BEEN
EQUALLED BY ANY OTHER PHYSICIAN
OFFER THEIR SERVICES—THIS TIME—
FREE TO THE SICK

The Battle Creek Doctors
Licensed by the State for the treatment
of all Curable, Chronic Diseases of Men,
Women and Children, offer to all who
call, this visit, on the day, date and
during the hours given below, consulta-
tion, examination, advice and all medical
services required until cured, absolutely
free of charge. These valuable services
are free to every person treated who will
state the result obtained to friends, so
the sick and afflicted in every city and
locality may know that at last treatments
have been discovered that are absolutely
sure and certain in their effect.

These Doctors are considered
America's leading Stomach and Nerve
Specialists and cure all Chronic Diseases
that can be cured. They cure many that
others consider incurable. Desperately
Chronic Cases are their specialty. They
like to begin where the family doctor fails.
They have probably had more experience,
more success, both in Europe and in
America than any doctor you ever saw.
You May Go to Them knowing
that they have treated cases after case
just like yours. You can rest assured
that they understand your disease and
its treatment thoroughly and will make
no mistake. From the moment you place
your case in their hands you can look
forward to a complete recovery.

Curable Diseases of the Stomach,
Liver, Kidneys, Heart, Lungs, Nerves,
and Rheumatism, Diabetes, Dropsy,
Epileptic Fits, Enlarged Veins,
Bladder Complaints, Skin and Blood
Diseases, Bowetting Children and all
Constitutional, Internal Diseases of Men,
Women and Children are treated here—
PERFECTED—Battle Creek Way.
LEG ULCERS positively cured by a
new system that never fails.

Wonderful Treatment for Asthma,
Catarrh and Deafness.

Be careful! Do not be misled! Not
one person in twenty having APPENDI-
CITIS, GALL STONES, GOITRE OR
PULES, needs an operation. WHEN IN
DOUBT consult these Reliable Special-
ists who so successfully treat these dan-
gerous diseases without operations.

No Matter what others may have
told you about the hopelessness of your
case, if your future health is at stake,
then see them at once. DON'T GIVE
UP—GO! Have it forever settled in
your mind, if your case is curable they
will cure you, if incurable they will advise
you how you may prolong your life.

This Offer is Made in order to ad-
vertise the great BATTLE CREEK
SYSTEM of treatment which is known
all over the world for its Many Won-
derful Cures, and which has lifted so many
from the depths of disease and despair to
the heights of health and happiness—
AND WHY NOT YOU?

Married Ladies must come with
their husbands when calling.

THE BATTLE CREEK SPECIALIST WILL BE AT THE
Hotel Sellers, Stevens Point

Just Four Hours This Visit
From 1 p. m. until 5 p. m.

Wednesday, Apr. 17

Returning Every Six Weeks

Land Opening.

On April 22d the fourth unit of the
Shoshone irrigation project in Wyom-
ing will be opened to homestead en-
ry by the government. This unit lies to
the north and west of the town of
Powell, and contains some of the finest
land on the project. The farms are
mostly 80 acres each, and homeseekers
are invited to investigate the oppor-
tunity afforded by this opening.

About five hundred families are al-
ready established on the first three
units and have built roads, schools and
churches. The project has railroad
facilities, rural delivery, telephones,
and there are thriving towns at short
intervals.

The Shoshone project lies in a region
of great scenic beauty with a deligh-
tful and healthful climate and a fertile
soil. The Reclamation Service at
Washington, D. C., has prepared a
booklet fully describing this section
and giving detailed information as to
methods of acquiring these farms.
This will be sent free upon request.

The Shoshone project is believed to
be one of the best sections in the west
for general farming. It is a fine dairy
country. The farmers are now ship-
ping an average of \$1,500 worth of
cream to Billings. A new creamery is
under way at Cody. Alfalfa is the
main crop, producing from 3 to 6 tons
per annum. The new alfalfa meal mill
at Powell will pay the farmers under
contract \$6.50 per ton more at the mill
for a period of five years. Another
profitable crop is sugar beets.

STICK TO THE ORDER

Great Commander John W. Brown Gives
Some Good Common Sense Advice
to Modern Woodmen.

Editor of The Gazette: I have
read with pleasure the item published
in your recent issue concerning state
supervision of fraternal beneficiary
societies, and although not a member
of the Modern Woodmen of America, I
wish to say that this supervision is not
confined to that order alone, but is a
general practice.

I presume, however, that the spirit
that prompted those lines was the fact
that all sorts of arguments are being
used to win the members of that order
from their allegiance, and I regret to
think that any reasonable man can be
led away from the right by some
blatant agitator who is either malici-
ously trying to disturb the public
peace, or has a personal object in so
doing.

The reason for the change of rates
in that order is because of the adoption
in many states of our union of the Mo-
bile bill. This bill was framed by the
insurance commissioners of America,
approved by the National Fraternal
Congress and the Associated Fraterni-
ties, these two bodies alone represent-
ing over six millions of members, and
was enacted into a law by the votes of
our State Senators and Representatives
in the interests of the working classes.

And yet with all this expert authori-
ty, some demagogue arises and says it
is all wrong, that all these wise men
who helped to make and pass this bill
are foolish and that he, the demagogue,
is right, and if the million and a
quarter of members of this great order
will follow him he will lead them on
to a sure haven at a reduced rate, and
alio he knows nothing of adequacy or
permanency, and cares less, although
he says that mortality tables and cur-
rent cost is Greek to him, still in order
to keep himself before the people he
must agitate.

Members of the Modern Woodmen,
think carefully before you listen to this
man, and before you follow his advice
be sure that he can guarantee what he
offers you. Find out whether he has
a dispensation from God Almighty that
will lessen the death rate and hence
the cost of your insurance, and if he
cannot satisfy you as to this, shun him
as you would anyone who is trying to
rob your wives and little ones of the
protection your order gives them.

Ordinary business foresight demands
the change your order has made and
ten years from now you will be glad
that this time has come. The order
which I more particularly represent
passed through the crisis of rat-
changing eight years ago, and now you
could not find one intelligent member
who would go back to the old cheap
and unreliable plan, and so it will be
with the members of your association
after they have calmly thought over
the situation.

Your officers and representatives
have done the only thing they could do
and be honest with you and themselves,
and instead of running after some
phantom wind bag, stuck to the order
that has done so much for the Ameri-
can home in the past and is now seek-
ing to perpetuate itself and devise a
method that will enable it to pay all
its claims at one hundred cents on the
dollar.

Yours truly,
John W. Brown,
Great Commander Knights of
the Maccabees.
Stevens Point, March 30, 1912.

ACTUAL STARVATION

Facts About Indigestion and Its Relief
That Should Interest You.

Although indigestion and dyspepsia
are so prevalent, most people do not
thoroughly understand their cause and
cure. There is no reason why most
people should not eat anything they
desire—if they will only chew it care-
fully and thoroughly. Many actually
starve themselves into sickness through
fear of eating very good-looking, good-
smelling and good-tasting food, because
it does not agree with them.

The best thing to do is to fit yourself
to digest any good food.

We believe we can relieve dyspepsia.
We are so confident of this fact that
we guarantee and promise to supply
the medicine free of all cost to every
one who will use it, who is not per-
fectly satisfied with the results which
it produces. We exact no promises,
and put no one under any obligation
whatever. Surely, nothing could be
fairer. We are located right here and
our reputation should be sufficient as-
surance of the genuineness of our offer.

We want every one troubled with
indigestion or dyspepsia in any form to
come to our store and buy a box of
Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets. Take them
home and give them a reasonable trial,
according to directions. Then, if not
satisfied, come to us and get your
money back. They are very pleasant
to take; they aid to soothe the irri-
table stomach, to strengthen and invig-
orate the digestive organs, and to
promote a healthy and natural bowel
action, thus leading to perfect and
healthy digestion and assimilation.

A 25 cent package of Rexall Dyspep-
sia Tablets furnishes 15 days' treat-
ment. In ordinary cases, this is
sufficient to produce a cure. In more
chronic cases, a longer treatment, of
course, is necessary, and depends upon
the severity of the trouble. For such
cases, we have two larger sizes which
sell for 50c and \$1.00. Remember, you
can obtain Rexall Remedies in this
community only at our store—The Rex-
all Store, Alex. Krembs Jr. Drug Co.,
corner Main street and Strong's avenue.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The water rates for April 1 to July 1
were due Monday. All rates must be
paid at the office, 117 North Third
street, before April 20. No flat rate
bills will be delivered. Office hours 8
to 12 and 1 to 6.

Take Notice.

All persons are hereby notified not to trust or
give credit to my wife, Ellen Dunn, on my ac-
count, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.
Dated Lanark, Wis., Mar. 30, 1912.
PATRICK DENN.

The weather is getting warmer; now
is the time to inspect your house and if
it needs painting on the outside, you
can get a guaranteed paint at this store
for \$2.00 per gallon. V. S. Preis, 608-
611 Main street.

Local Notes.

For rent—Several desirable homes.
E. W. Sellers, 200 Clark street.

Gas or gasoline engine, in good con-
dition, for sale at a bargain. Enquire
at this office.

Langenberg's art store is receiving
a new line of fancy work this week.
Call and see these goods.

C. A. Cooper was the guest of his
brother, T. J. Cooper, at Grand Rapids
for several days last week.

When in need of art material for
fancy work, call at Langenberg's art
store, 147 Main street. Tel. red 82.

For sale, 8 room house, corner George
and Ellis streets. Modern improve-
ments, except furnace. J. J. Heffron,
313 Clark street, city.

Parties desirous of employing com-
petent bookkeepers, stenographers or
office assistants, call, write or tele-
phone Stevens Point Business College.

Notice is hereby given that a business
meeting will be held at the Seventh
Day Adventist church, Apr. 6, 1912,
at 7:30 p. m., for the purpose of
electing trustees. m20w8

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Maine moved
from Church street to the corner of
Strong's avenue and Mill street, last
week, where they will reside with the
former's brother, George Maine.

Wm. Tobin, who has spent the past
several years in Saskatchewan, West-
ern Canada, has been visiting his
brother, M. J., in this city, and among
relatives in Lanark for several days.

Beware of imitators. If you want
to order wood or coal, ring up tele-
phone 54; when ordering wood or coal
from a teamster on the street be sure
that Olsen's name is on the wagon
box.

Have you read in ladies' magazines
about the Spirella corset? Spirella
boning never rusts nor breaks. So
flexible it can be tied into a knot, yet
permanently retains its shape. Send a
card or phone Mrs. J. Boursier,
corsetiere, 617 Elk street, Stevens
Point, Wis. m20w8

Lyle Hackett, son of Mr. and Mrs.
N. B. Hackett, was one of our High
school graduating class who received
honorable mention for standing over 90
in his studies during the past four
years. His name was not mentioned
until Thursday, as his standings had
not been received from Wausau, where
he attended school prior to this year.

Mrs. Fern A. Walker, who with her
mother, Mrs. W. F. Atwell, has been
spending the winter in Chicago, suf-
fered from an attack of appendicitis
last week, and an examination showed
that the appendix had been ruptured
and an abscess had formed. There-
fore, no operation could be performed
at this time, but Mrs. Walker is re-
ported to be doing nicely.

Seed Oats.

We just unloaded two cars of choice
white oats for seed. Have sent sam-
ple to Madison to be tested. We also
get one car of yellow oats for seed in
about a week. Call at our mill.
Pagel Milling Co. 2w

Teachers' Examinations.

Office of County Superintendent of
Schools, Portage county, Stevens
Point, Wis., March 26, 1912.

To the Teachers of Portage County:—
Examinations for teachers' certificates
in Portage county will be held as fol-
lows:

Stevens Point, April 9, 10, 11 and 12.
Amherst, April 15 and 16. Plover,
April 17 and 18. Almond, April 23
and 24.

The branches for the third grade
certificate will be given at all of the
places named above. The second
branches, physical geography, Ameri-
can literature, English composition and
cataloging and use of libraries, will be
given only at Stevens Point, April 11.

The first grade branches, English
literature, algebra, theory and art of
teaching, physics and English history,
will be given only at Stevens Point,
April 12.

All applicants are required to make
plans according to schedule. Examina-
tions will be held at school houses and
will begin at 9 o'clock. Please do not
fail to supply yourselves with legal cap
paper, pens, ink, lead pencils, etc.

Frances C. Bannach, Co. Supt.

When Pride is Justified.

Far too many mortals are vain and
self-satisfied because of some tempo-
rary mercenary advantage, and in their
eagerness to display that advantage at
every opportunity often destroy their
greatest blessing, their physical
counterpart of sunshine, which is their
own health. Neglected colds, irregu-
lar meals, overloaded stomachs and
night revelry result in shattered
nerves, depressed vigor and fatigue, all
of which invite decline and disease.

Each person stands sentinel at the
portals of his own health and he who
guards, protects, strengthens and
builds up a rugged constitution is
justified in pride and finds therein his
own recompense—the capacity to enjoy
the fullness of life.

The strain of modern commercial
and social living taxes strength and
energy and in maintaining the highest
self-efficiency we should not only culti-
vate deep breathing, out of door exer-
cise, regularity and temperance in all
things, but study the greatest of all
physical power-creators, which is body
nourishment. In this, alcoholic pre-
parations should be carefully shunned
and such pre-digested nourishment as
Scott's Emulsion, which enriches the
blood and creates vitality by building,
healing and strengthening, should be
selected.

Scott's Emulsion is scientifically pre-
pared and is good for teething babies,
nursing mothers, growing children, the
aged and infirm. It contains no wine
or stimulant but is wholesome and
pure and has helped millions to regain
health and sustain it. Worthless sub-
stitutes are sometimes offered, but
Scott's Emulsion is the genuine pure
food-medicine.

The Record-Herald.

If any of our rural readers wish the
Daily Chicago Record-Herald, one of
the most reliable papers printed, in
connection with The Gazette, the
price for both is \$4.25, or only 25 cents
more than the regular price of the
former. These terms are only for per-
sons residing on rural routes in Wiscon-
sin.

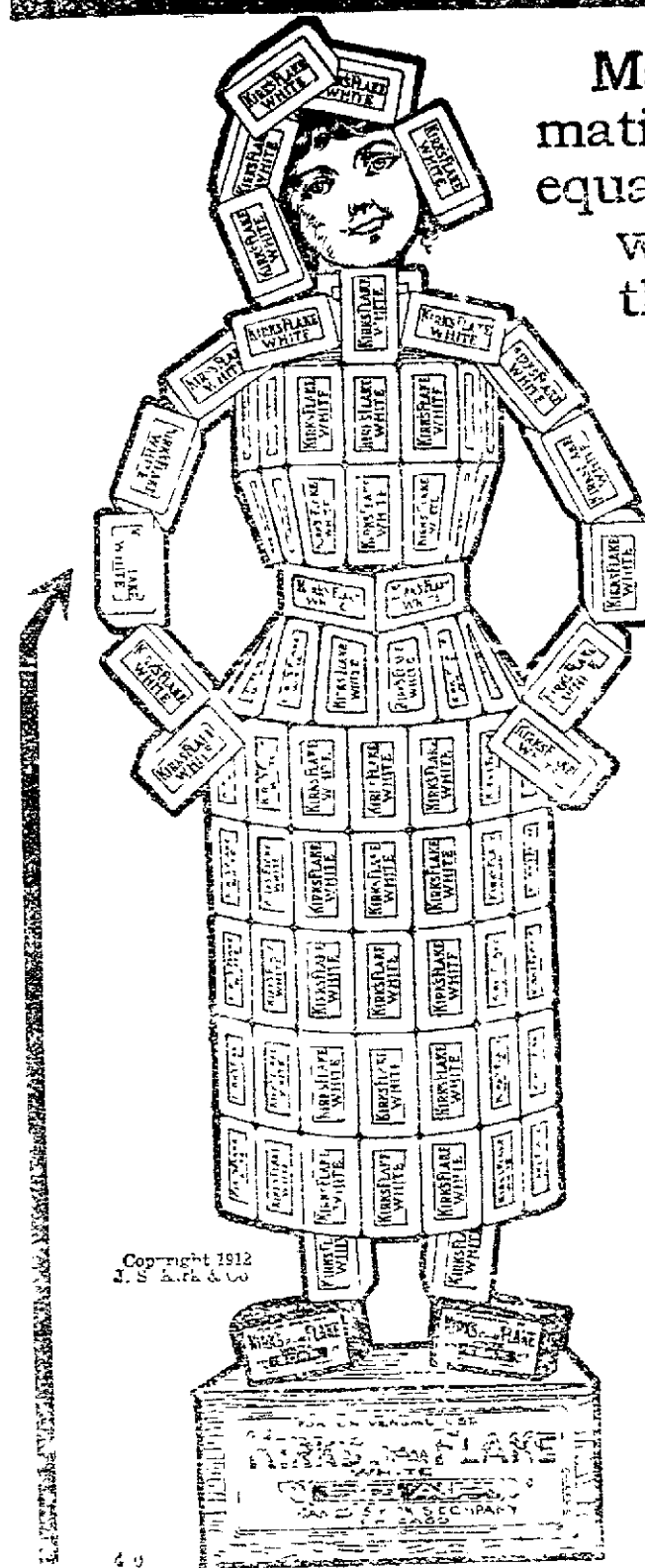
Kirk's Flake

WHITE SOAP

Saves Work

Saves Money

Saves Clothes



Made from clean, sweet, aro-
matic vegetable oils only. It is
equally effective in cold or hot
water, with or without boiling
the clothes.

For Laundry and Household Use

Kirk's FLAKE (white) is
adapted for the rough work
of the household and laun-
dry and for washing the most
delicate fabrics, laces and
woolens. It will do all the
work of the household so
much better, whiter, cleaner,
sweeter, quicker and easier
than other soaps.

Buy the first cake because
we tell you to and you will
buy the second because you
like it.

"Every Atom Cleanses"

Save Your Wrappers for Valuable Premiums

Write for Premium List.



Over 70 Years of Scientific Soap Making.

Use JAP ROSE (Transparent) SOAP for the toilet and bath.

Rural Parcels Post.

The advocates of the rural parcels
post claim that this system of mer-
chandise transportation would enable
the farmer to have small packages of
merchandise delivered at his mail box
quickly and cheaply.

No one disputes this—but there are
two more sides to the question. Here
is one:

Every rural delivery carrier is now
authorized to carry merchandise parcels
weighing over four pounds from your
farm to town or from town to your
farm—and you or the town man, pay
the carrier whatever you agree is
right. The proposed postage charge
would average much higher than what
you would pay under the present sys-
tem of local delivery. Now there is no
maximum weight limit, for the carrier
can take anything for you that he is
able to carry, but it is proposed to
limit the weight to eleven pounds only.
This would greatly curtail the delivery
privileges now open to every farmer
who desires to use them and make de-
livery cost him more than under the
present method.

Here is another side of the question—
the side seen by your good friends, the
home merchants:

Big-city merchants of all kinds
would be quick to seize the rural par-
cels post as a delivery outlet, through
the use of local agents, to whom par-
cels would be shipped in large quanti-
ties by express or freight for deposit
in the local postoffice and delivery by
rural carriers. There is absolutely no
way in which this could be prevented.

The opportunity thus afforded these
mail-order houses for the development
of a gigantic trust is a most serious
menace to the farmer's welfare.

Every necessary of life could in time be
monopolized through this government
postal subsidy, taxed against all the
people and applied for the sole benefit
of the mail order trust. Already Wall
street sees the trend of events and
"big business" has become interested
in fostering and financing the parcels
post agitation. Its appetite has been
stimulated by the results of the past
few years, which have enabled one
mail order house to pay an annual
dividend of 7 per cent. on its many
millions of capital and recently to
declare a special dividend of 33 1/3 per
cent. What farmer can ever hope to
equal that record?

The big city mail order merchants
pay no taxes of any kind—direct or in-
direct—in your community. They do
not help maintain your schools,
churches, libraries, hospitals and other
public institutions. They do not help
you build and maintain good roads.
They do not give you credit and they
give you neither sympathy nor help
when misfortune comes. These big
city merchants have absolutely no in-
terest in you, excepting to get hold of
as many of your dollars as they can
and give as little return as possible.

Furthermore, the big city merchant
does not help in any way to maintain
and build up the home market for your
products that enables you to get spot
cash or its equivalent for everything
you have to sell. Your location near
such a town increases the value of your
farm and makes that farm easy to sell

at full value whenever you desire.

You appreciate the fact that the
farmer trade keeps up the country
town and that any system—such as the
parcels post—which will divert the
farmer trade from the country town to
the big city will ruin the country town.

If the country town is ruined, the
farmer's home market will be de-
stroyed or at least very seriously im-
paired. Property values in the country
towns would certainly depreciate as
store after store was forced out of
business and greater burdens of taxa-
tion would be placed upon the farmers'
overburdened shoulders. Lack of funds
raised by taxation would curtail the
schools of the country towns. Churches
now so largely supported by the home
merchants could no longer be kept sup-
plied with ministers, unless the farmer
members heavily increased their con-
tributions. Public spirit would be
destroyed, public institutions would
suffer and public improvement become
a thing of the past.

The plain fact is that the interests
of the farmer and the home merchant
are mutual. They are partners in the
business of production and distribu-
tion—in the upbuilding and mainte-
nance of the best possible home market.
And the best home market is one that
buys everything the farmer has to sell
at top market prices and sells him
everything he needs at fair competitive
prices.

Therefore, Mr. Farmer, stand by
your home merchants to stand by you.
In doing this you are conserving your
best interests.—Trade Exhibit.

Did you get a set of Gazette maps?

NO CAUSE TO DOUBT

A Statement of Facts Backed by a
Strong Guarantee.

We guarantee immediate and positive
relief to all sufferers from constipa-
tion. In every case where our remedy
fails to do this we will return the
money paid us for it. That's a frank
statement of facts, and we want you to
substantiate them at our risk.

Rexall Orderlies are eaten just like
candy, are particularly prompt and
agreeable in action, may be taken at
any time, day or night; do not cause
diarrhoea, nausea, griping, excessive
looseness or other undesirable effects.
They have a very mild but positive ac-
tion upon the organs with which they
come in contact, apparently acting as a
regulative tonic upon the relaxed mus-
cular coat of the bowel, thus overcom-
ing weakness and aiding to restore the
bowels to more vigorous and healthy
activity.

Rexall Orderlies are unsurpassable
and ideal for the use of children, old
folks and delicate persons. We cannot
too highly recommend them to all
sufferers from any form of constipa-
tion and its attendant evils. That's
why we back our faith in them with
our promise of money back if they do
not give entire satisfaction. Three
sizes: 12 tablets 10 cents, 36 tablets 25
cents and 80 tablets 50 cents. Remem-
ber, you can obtain Rexall Remedies in
Stevens Point only at our store—The
Rexall Store, Alex. Krembs Jr. Drug
Co., corner Main street and Strong's
avenue.

"Good Things to Eat"

SALT FISH

Mackerel White Fish Salmon
Lake Herring Holland Herring (Milkers)

CANNED FISH

Clams Bismark Herring Lobsters
Salmon Kipperd Herring Sardines
French Mackerel in White Wine
Fresh Mackerel Herring in Bouillon
Herring in Tomato Sauce Pickled Eels in Jelly
Herring, boned and skinned Crab Meat Tuna Fish
Clam Bouillon Fish Balls

COAST SEALED OYSTERS

FINNAN HADDIES

Murray's

Tel. 58

Drs. C. von T.upert,
PHYSICIANS and SURGEONS
Surgical Operations.
Female Diseases a Specialty.
Office over Dr. Rank. Telephone 66.
Res. Unit. App. Court House
Telephone 8.

E. H. ROGERS, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
519 Clark Street. Tel. 57.
X-ray and electrical work done.
All professional calls answered promptly.

R. B. SMILEY, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
711 Church Street, Stevens Point, Wis.
Telephone, Red 110.
Office hours, 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4, 7 to 9 p. m.

WAYNE F. COWAN, M. D.
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Office 452 Main street, residence
The Sellers. Telephone connection.
Stevens Point - Wisconsin

Dr. Angus E. MacMillan
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Taylor's Drug Store
Phone for office and residence, 374

D. N. ALCORN, M. D.
Government Expert in—
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Electricity used in blemishes on face, etc.,
goggles, and wherever Electricity is needed.
Glasses Ground to Order and Fitted Right
Office over Taylor Bros. drug store
Telephone, Red 301

J. W. BIRD, M. D.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Specialist
Every modern instrument for
fitting Glasses.
305 Main St. Stevens Point, Wis.

GEORGE A. HOULEHAN,
SURGEON DENTIST
Office over Post Office, Stevens Point, Wis.
Office hours from 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Drs. M. & F. J. Krembs
SURGEON DENTISTS
Office over First National Bank
STEVENS POINT, WIS.

Dr. L. Pasternacki
DENTIST
Office: Over Kuhl Bros. Phone
No. Red 106.
Stevens Point, Wis.

W. R. SWAN, M. D. C.
Veterinary Surgeon
Horse Hospital in Connection
All calls, day or night, promptly at-
tended to. Graduate of Chicago Veter-
inary College. Office Tel. black 312
Residence Tel. Black 312-2r.
800 Mill St. STEVENS POINT, WIS.

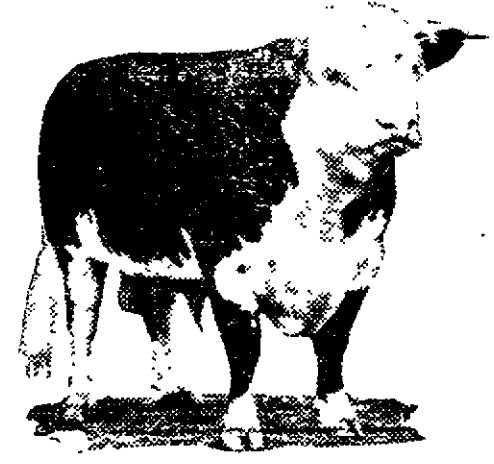
MRS. A. LAMPE,
511 Park Street,
Tel. Red 142
Stevens Point,
Wisconsin.
Enjoys the highest
reputation for
ladies to be con-
fined. Children
adopted by good
and respectable
families. Thirty-
four years expe-
rience. Confiden-
tial and private.

Legal Blanks
The following legal blanks are
for sale at THE GAZETTE office
in quantities to suit:
TEACHERS' CONTRACTS
RENEWAL of Chattel Mortgage
FARM OPTIONS.
LAND CONTRACTS
SATISFACTION OF MORT-
GAGE,
REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE,
(Long and Short Form)
CHATTEL NOTES, (2 forms)
APPLICATION FOR TAX
DEED.
CHATTLE MORTGAGE
JUSTICE'S SUMMONS.
GARNISHEE SUMMONS.
WARRANTY DEED.
CIRCUIT COURT SUMMONS.
WARRANT OF SEIZURE.
For prices, etc., call on or address
THE GAZETTE,
STEVENS POINT, WIS.

HEREFORDS AS
BEEF PRODUCERS.

In the following remarks I intend no
disparaging statements to the other
beef breeds—they are all good—and I
think it would not take a deep student
of animal industry to pick out some
trait in each breed that would perhaps
excel either of the other beef breeds in
that one particular. There is one com-
mon ground on which we can all meet,
and that is for the betterment of our
beef animals generally both on the
farm and the range and can all join
hands in the constant fight against the
scrub, writes J. E. Painter in Kansas
Farmer.

In the above mentioned fight the
Hereford scores a big point over all



Herefords are a prolific breed.
The bulls and cows are all sure and
regular breeders. The bulls are ac-
tive and attentive and remain so
until of great age. The cows re-
main productive often up to fifteen
years of age, and many of them are
known to have dropped calves at the
age of twenty or even twenty-five.
A good Hereford bull will sire
more calves from a given number
of cows in a period of years than
any other sort of bull, and a Here-
ford cow will remain "in business"
longer than any other sort. The
Hereford pictured shows the char-
acteristic points of good beef cattle.

other breeds. None will compare with
him to grade up a bunch of inferior
cattle, none will stamp their get so
uniformly and generally, none will
cross on all colors and shapes with
such good results, and sires from no
other breed will get as large a per-
centage of calves under range conditions,
adverse or otherwise, as the Hereford.

The Hereford is a natural born grazer
and rustler and has the habit of adapt-
ing himself to conditions as he finds
them. He makes himself at home in the
west, the southwest or northwest,
where grasses are often short and
scattered, water not too plenty and the
extremes of climate often, to say the
least, not the most comfortable. Never-
theless, he adapts himself naturally to
what he finds, turns out, makes the
best of it and gets down to business.

The prominence and recognition the
Hereford enjoys today are not due to
boosting nor to the bolstering up by a
rich breed association, but has been
won inch by inch strictly on his merits
as a grazer, breeder, feeder, butcher
carcass and money maker generally.
Further, I think I could state without
fear of contradiction that the Hereford
breed of cattle are the nearest to being
immune from disease, especially tuber-
culosis, of any recognized breed of cat-
tle on the American continent today.

The Hereford as a beef animal is
ready to put in the feed lot at any
age and will have been fitted and gone
to the butcher before the calf from the
dual purpose cow has grown sufficient-
ly to put in the feed lot.

The Hereford gives enough milk and
or rich enough quality to raise its off-
spring in fine shape, and this is all that
can be claimed for the Scotch Short-
horns, which are the beef models of
that breed today.

Protecting Cheeses by Paraffin.
Nearly all cheese of the cheddar
type made in the United States is paraf-
fined before it reaches the public.
Yet it is not more than six years since
it became a general practice, and it is
less than ten years that paraffining to
protect from loss of weight was first
brought to the attention of cheese han-
dlers.

At first the process was followed in
order to improve the appearance, but
when it was found that the protecting
coat of paraffin to a great extent pre-
vented the considerable loss of weight by
evaporation it became the usual
treatment. A circular issued by the
department of agriculture at Washing-
ton discussing the methods and results
of paraffining cheese concludes that it
is an effective way of preventing losses
in weight and the growth of mold; that
from one to ten seconds in a paraffin
bath at 220 degrees is sufficient; that
treatment on the third day after com-
ing from the press gives the best re-
sults, and that cheese should not be
allowed to remain in a warm curing
room for more than one day after paraf-
fining.

Rusted Straw Is Better.
Straw affected by red or black rust has
a higher feeding value than has
straw which is free from rust, accord-
ing to Professor W. B. Richards.
The reason assigned is that the rust has
prevented the sap of the plant
from going to and developing the grain,
and hence rusted straw is not only
greener, but has more feeding value.
Animals receive no injury from eating
rusted straw, and many times it can
be used to advantage in winter feed-
ing operations. It should not be used
as the entire ration, however, as it has
too much cellulose for the digestive ap-
paratus to properly care for, but when
fed with bran, oats, roots, alfalfa or
other laxative feeds it makes a good
winter ration for cattle.



JESUS' SOUL RESURRECTED.
I Corinthians xv, 1-11—April 7.
Text: "This Jesus hath God raised up,
whereof we are all witnesses."—Acts ii, 32.

TODAY, appropriate to the Easter
season, we are to consider our
Lord's resurrection. At the
very outset we are confronted
with certain errors which have gradu-
ally crystallized around the central
truths of God's Word. One of these
errors is the supposition that the res-
urrection of the dead, which the
Scriptures hold forth as the hope of
the Church and of the world, is to be
a resurrection of the bodies which go
down into death.

This mistake has given ground for
infidelity to sneer at this precious doc-
trine of the Bible.

We are asked,
How could the
dust which once
constituted the
bodies of thou-
sands of millions
of humanity ever
be re-collected and
rearranged so that
we could say that
those bodies were
resurrected? The
infidel urges that
many of humanity have been eaten by
fishes and animals, and many other
corpses have been absorbed by vegeta-
tion, which in turn has been eaten time
and again by man and beast, entering
into the many organisms. The propo-
sition is manifestly unanswerable, yet
it does not refute the Bible teaching
of the resurrection, but merely our
creedal misapprehensions of the Bible
teaching. What the Bible does teach
is that the real man is the soul, the
being, and that he persists while gradu-
ally his body keeps changing—
sloughing off. Scientists estimate that
the human body undergoes a complete
change every seven years. According
to the Bible the process of rejuvena-
tion would have continued everlasting-
ly had man continued by obedience in
Divine favor and in enjoyment of the
everlasting life promised. It was sin
that brought the death penalty—the
death of the soul. It was Adam's soul
that sinned, it was Adam's soul that
died—"In the day that thou eatest
thereof thou shalt surely die." "The
soul that sinneth it shall die."

Christ's Death and Resurrection Makes
Future Life Possible.
The result of this Divine sentence
upon man would have been extinction—
he would have been on the same
plane as the brute without any hope
for eternal life, had not God in great
mercy provided a redemption—that
"Jesus Christ by the grace of God
should taste death for every man."
The death which Jesus experienced
was exactly the same kind as the one
which destroyed Adam—the soul of
Jesus died as the ransom-price for the
soul of Adam (including Adam's pos-
terity). Thus we read of Jesus, "He
poured out His soul unto death; He
made His soul an offering for sin."
It is by virtue of this corresponding
price which Jesus paid that ultimately
Adam and all of his posterity, every
soul of man, will be granted a release
from the death penalty—a resurrection
from the dead—not of the dead bodies,
but of the dead souls. In the resurrec-
tion God will give to each soul a body
as it has pleased Him.—I Corinthians
xv, 35.

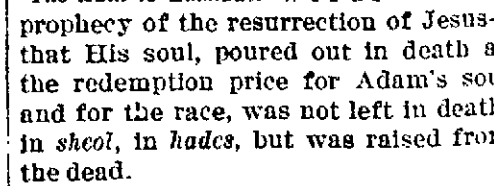
The few during this Age who have
become the followers of Jesus, begot-
ten of the Holy Spirit, will be granted
spirit bodies like to the Savior's. The
remainder of mankind, not having been
beggotten of the Holy Spirit, will in the
resurrection be granted human bodies,
the same as they previously had, and
their raising up will bring them event-
ually to all the perfection of the first
Adam, unless they refuse the grace of
God, in which event they will die the
Second Death, from which there is to
be no resurrection.

Jesus' Soul Resurrected.
St. Peter, on the Day of Pentecost,
laid stress upon the fact of Christ's
resurrection, and he reminds us that
this was foretold. The Prophet David
declared, "Thou wilt not leave My soul
in sheol, nor suffer Thine Holy
One to see corruption"—Acts ii,
27.

St. Peter's quo-
tation of this, in
the Greek, substi-
tutes the word
hades for sheol,
showing that the
prophecy of the resurrection of Jesus—
that His soul, poured out in death as
the redemption price for Adam's soul
and for the race, was not left in death,
in sheol, in hades, but was raised from
the dead.

St. Paul tells us that "He was put to
death in flesh, but quickened in spirit."
He declared that Jesus, in His resurrec-
tion, was exalted to a higher than hu-
man nature—"far above angels and
principalities and powers"—the divine
nature.

As angels could materialize and ap-
pear in the flesh and disappear, and
had done so in the past, so did Jesus.
In order that His disciples might not
misunderstand He appeared in differ-
ent forms—on two of the occasions, in
forms representing the Crucified One.
On the other six occasions, in various
forms, as the gardener, the sojourner,
etc.



The walk to Emmaus. words were a
prophecy of the resurrection of Jesus—
that His soul, poured out in death as
the redemption price for Adam's soul
and for the race, was not left in death,
in sheol, in hades, but was raised from
the dead.

CARE OF ROADSIDES IS
AN IMPORTANT FACTOR.

Remove All Rubbish to Make Highway
Attractive.

No matter how smooth and well con-
structed the traveled road may be, if
the roadsides are not cared for the
highway as a whole will not give a
good impression. All rubbish should
be removed, the excavations should be
filled and embankments smoothed and
planted with grass wherever it will
grow. Unsightly brush should be cut
and grubbed out. Sometimes, however,
the brush and small trees if suitably
trimmed add to the attractiveness of
the roadside.

All trees which are ornamental or
which have value as shade trees should
be preserved and protected unless they
grow so close together as to make a
dense shade. In hot, dry climates par-
ticularly and indeed in most places
trees are a considerable factor in re-
ducing the cost of maintenance since
they lessen the evaporation of the
moisture from the macadam. In ex-
posed places, where the sweep of the
wind would be otherwise unbroken,
they serve to prevent in a measure the
blowing away of the binder from the
road surface. Unfortunately in such
places it is often difficult to make trees
grow. Care in the selection of the
kinds of trees best suited to the local-
ity is important.

IMPROVE HIGHWAY SYSTEM.

Minnesota Legislature Passes Bill Pro-
viding For State Roads Plan.

Planned, built and kept in repair under
supervision of expert engineers em-
ployed by the state highway commis-
sion the roads designated as state
roads in five years will, it is claimed,
give Minnesota the best system of
highways in the entire country.

The Dunn good roads bill, passed at
the last session of the legislature, pro-
vides for a quarter mill tax for the
building, repair and improvement of
the roads and that the state share
equally with the county the expense of
all state roads. Any public thorough-
fare can be designated as a state road,
but after being so designated it hence-
forth must be improved, changed and
repaired under the supervision of the
state engineers. The building up of a
good road system rests with the im-
provement of the dirt roads of the
state and not in the construction of
macadamized highways.

These roads may be improved by
cutting down the hills, removing the
sod, clearing out the ditches, rounding,
grading, surfacing and dragging after
every rain so that they will serve every
purpose for which the highways
will be used and at a lesser expense
than the special roads.

GOOD ROADS REMINDERS.

Good roads never grow—they
are made.
Take a few minutes' time and
drain that mudhole. It's as much
your neighbors' place to do
that as it is yours. Yes, but that
doesn't drain the mudhole!
Spare the time to climb out
of the wagon or buggy and toss
a few of those stones from the
track into the ditch. Every time
you pass over them you fairly
grit your teeth with vexation.
The remedy is yours to apply.—
M. Coverdell.

MINNESOTA HAS A GOOD PLAN

Bill Provides That Owners, State and
County Share Road Expense.

The Minnesota state highway com-
mission has taken favorable action to-
ward building several trunk highways,
connecting Duluth with Minneapolis,
St. Vincent, Manitoba and other points.
The road from Duluth to St. Vincent
will in time be extended to Winnipeg
by the Canadian government. With
the road to St. Paul it will furnish
tourists with a road many hundreds of
miles long on which automobiling may
be enjoyed under the most favorable
circumstances.

Of what material these roads will be
built, whether of macadam, brick or
gravel, has not yet been decided, but
the fact that residents of the counties
in both the country and small towns
are willing to bear their share of the
expense of construction and mainte-
nance was brought before the commis-
sion by the many signers to the peti-
tion presented.

The roads will be built under the El-
well bill, which provides that the state
shall pay one-half of the expense of
the road in ten annual installments,
the county one-quarter and the owners
of the benefited property one-quarter.

A Seven Mile Stone Highway.

There are probably few cities in
southern California engaged in a more
extensive campaign of road improve-
ments than Riverside. Work now un-
der way and for which proceedings
have been begun amounts to approxi-
mately ninety city blocks, or seven
miles of highway, to be constructed of
rock roadbed with oiled macadam sur-
face.

Oiled Roads a Success.

Because a superior grade of oil was
used on thoroughfares by the city of
Milwaukee, Wis., last year no addi-
tional street oil may have to be pur-
chased by the board this year. Oil to
the amount of 50,000 gallons was pur-
chased, and 6,000 gallons remaining
may be sufficient to meet all require-
ments this year.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been
in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of
and has been made under his per-
sonal supervision since its infancy.
Allow no one to deceive you in this.
All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but
Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of
Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Pare-
goric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It
contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic
substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms
and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind
Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation
and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the
Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

The Evening Wisconsin.
We have made arrangements with
the Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin
whereby we can offer that reliable
daily paper in connection with The
Gazette, both for \$3.75 for one year,
payable in advance. Call and see a
copy.

And now comes Prof. John Bosler,
who declares that the world is 710,000-
600 years old. Why he added the last
10,000,000 does not appear.

For Sale Cheap.
Eighty acres of good farming land
with timber enough to pay for land.
Good soil, free from stone, on main
road, mail route, half a mile from
school, one mile to a store, town of
Harrison, Waupaca county. For this
and other bargains in real estate write
to Gullikson & Holte, Stevens Point.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

SOO LINE	
WEST BOUND LEAVE	
Passenger No. 3	1:43 a. m.
" 17	2:05 a. m.
" 1	9:55 a. m.
" 11	10:31 p. m.
" 5	5:14 p. m.
EAST BOUND ARRIVE	
Passenger No. 18	1:13 a. m.
" 4	2:00 a. m.
" 6	10:15 a. m.
" 12	2:06 p. m.
" 2	2:55 p. m.
Daily except Sunday	
PORTAGE BRANCH	
Train 504, leaves going south	7:00 a. m.
Train 503, " " "	10:15 a. m.
Train 501, arrives from south	8:00 p. m.
Train 503, " " "	9:30 a. m.
Daily except Sunday	
GREEN BA & WESTERN	
LEAVE	
Passenger No. 6	6:45 a. m.
" 1	9:20 a. m.
" 2	1:15 p. m.
" 3	3:15 p. m.
Daily except Sunday	

Hetzel's
for one of those delicious
BOXES OF BON BONS




They also carry a full line of Fresh
Home Made Candies.
Light Lunches, Oysters, etc., served.
Yours to please.

PALACE OF SWEETS

\$25 DAILY
March 1st to
April 15th
1912
From ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS
TO
Western Canada
Oregon, Idaho and the
North Pacific Coast
3 DAILY 3
TRAINS
STEEL FRAMED, VESTIBULED, VACUUM CLEANED,
ELECTRIC LIGHTED
EVENTS in the WEST
Annual Rose Festival, Portland, June 10-16, 1912
Montana State Fair, Helena, June 30-July 4, 1912
Grand Lodge, Order of Elks, Portland, July 6-13, 1912
Golden Festival, Seattle, July 15-20, 1912
18th Annual Interstate Fair, Spokane, Sept. 30 to Oct. 6, 1912
National Electric Ass'n, Seattle, June 10-14, 1912
National Encampment G. A. R., Los Angeles, Sept. 2, 1912
National Convention W. C. T. U., Portland, 1912
Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., Winnipeg, Sept. 14-21, 1912
Panama-Pacific International Exposition, San Francisco, 1915
SPECIAL ROUND TRIP RATES will be made for these events
ASK YOUR NEAREST
SOO LINE AGENT
OR WRITE
W. R. CALLAWAY, G. P. A.: Minneapolis, Minn.

FINE TONIC FOR WOMEN.



PE-RU-NA
FOR
CATARH

The Gazette.

PLAINFIELD.

R. G. Scobie has purchased the Henry Gault house and lot east of John Blair's. School in the Harris district will commence Monday next, April 8th, with Miss Laura A. Patterson as teacher.

W. D. Martin has moved into the Weckler house now owned by John Johnson in this village.

On Friday last Albert W. Walter, the meat market man, purchased the fine residence of W. H. Rice.

Jesse Drew was at Merrill, Monday and Tuesday, and purchased a fine young team of horses.

P. J. Johnson, an old resident of Plainfield, died Saturday at his home in this village, aged 74 years. He was an old soldier and a member of the local G. A. R. Post. He leaves a wife and three children, Mrs. Chaucer Walker, Chas. Johnson and Mrs. Oscar Washburn of Plainfield. Funeral services were held today, with burial at Campbell Corners cemetery.

Thos. Sidel, the young clerk at the Mitchell House, left Friday to spend Easter at his home at Rib Lake.

L. M. Brewster has been confined to the house by illness the greater part of the winter and during the past few days has been under the care of a physician.

News from Washington states that Shird Kennison recently died in the west, where he had been living for the past few years. Mr. Kennison was an old resident in this section.

J. C. Welton has decided to locate in Friendship, where he has purchased lots and is having a store building erected. Mr. Welton will embark in the restaurant business and will move there as soon as the building is completed.

W. T. Rozell and son have opened a harness shop in the Buell building and will keep a stock of harness goods, also do repairing on shortnotice.

RUDOLPH.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Emmet Slattery, Tuesday, March 19th, a baby girl. Barney St. Denis has commenced building his new residence just east of the village.

Engene Juneau of Grand Rapids has leased his father-in-law, Mr. Johnson's farm and has moved his family here from the Rapids.

Mr. Wirk has sold his interests in the cheese factory, one and one-half miles northeast of the village, to Mr. Zimmerman. Miss Fraund, an experienced cheesemaker, will take charge of the plant.

Henry Piltz, who had been visiting here among relatives, returned to his home at Big Bend on Tuesday of last week.

Miss Irma Hessel, who had been visiting her mother, Mrs. Oscar Rossin at Congress Park, Ill., returned here last Tuesday and has resumed work at A. J. Kujawa's store.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Clark are entertaining Mr. Clark's parents from Fond du Lac.

Mesdames Curtiss Crotteau and Jas. McLaughlin and little daughter Helen of Grand Rapids spent Sunday at the J. J. Rayome home.

Miss Angeline Sharkey, who has been visiting here the past year or more, returned to her home at Wataskawin, Alberta, Canada.

Miss Margaret Fogarty of Carson has been spending the past couple of weeks with her sister, Mrs. E. Slattery.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Theodore De Bye, Saturday, March 30th, a baby boy.

Joe Steinberg has been at the Rapids several days the past week helping to settle his father's business affairs. His father, Max Steinberg, a business man of Grand Rapids, died in that city on Monday, March 25th.

Miss Minnie Meyers has commenced

Stimulate Children?

Ask your doctor how often he prescribes an alcoholic stimulant for children. He will probably say, "Very, very rarely." Ask him how often he prescribes a tonic for them. He will probably answer, "Very, very frequently." Then ask him about Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a strong and safe tonic for the young. Not a drop of alcohol in it.

Always keep a box of Ayer's Pills in the house. Just one pill at bedtime, now and then, will ward off many an attack of biliousness, indigestion, sick-headache. How many years has your doctor known these pills? Ask him all about them. Made by the J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

GENERAL FEBRUARY

And What He Brought About

By HARRIET C. THOMPSON

The czars of Russia say that they have two generals on whom they can rely to drive out an enemy, these warriors being General January and General February.

Among those flying before the redoubtable General February was Peter Apherson, a middle aged bachelor, who took a train for Hampton Roads. Mr. Apherson, sitting one evening, when the first faint balm of spring was coming up from the south, on a bench facing the water, saw a lady passing whose face seemed vaguely associated with some previous existence. She was walking with an elderly woman, who appeared from a likeness between the two to be her mother. The ladies walked on for some distance returned, and the elder, seeing the opposite end of the bench from the one on which Apherson sat unoccupied, insisted on resting there.

Ten minutes later the ladies arose and went on. Apherson followed them with his eyes till they were lost in the throng of promenaders and still longer with his thoughts. Presently rising, he was about to leave the spot when he saw a purse where they had been sitting. He took it in charge.

Expecting he might find something to give him a clue to the owner, he opened it; but, seeing nothing except money, he closed it again. He had little doubt of finding the lady who had dropped it, for there were not many people at the place and they in a narrow compass. Indeed, the very next morning in a sun parlor of his hotel facing the "roads" he saw the younger of the two ladies sitting alone. Approaching her, he handed her the purse. She thanked him, it seemed to him mechanically, or, rather without surprise.

Place in company a man and a woman, both unmarried, not too old, and ten to one they will sooner or later get on the subject nearest to their hearts. The subject nearest to the hearts of both men and women of middle age is finding some one of the opposite sex with whom to make a life. But they discuss the matter in general terms, carefully steering clear of the subject, though sometimes they let their minds wander before they know it.

"Are you married?" asked the lady.

"No, I am not, but I confess I would like to be. I have grown to an age wherein single life has lost its zest. I live at a club and am bored there. But what can I do? Marriage—marriage with matrimony is not a matter that can be arranged as one would rent a house or buy an automobile. In my case there is a special obstruction. When I was twenty I was engaged to a young girl whom I lost. I was then monomaniacal, and her family would not bear of a match between us. My father relied upon me as to what was best to be done, and I felt it my duty to tell her that we should part. My heart remains with her. Should I marry today because I could only give a wife a companionable affection?

"I am in very much the same situation," replied the lady. "As I mentioned I married a man selected for me by my mother. He was much older than I and wealthy. I could not give him my heart, but at that time I did not consider it obligatory to tell him so. I loved another during my married life of ten years and love that other today. Should I marry I should now feel it incumbent on me to tell the man I married that he must be content with companionship."

In this vein they chatted till noon, when the lady withdrew. They met often after that in the sun parlor. Apherson gave the widow opportunity to tell him more about herself, but either she did not take his hints or she was not inclined to give the desired information. One day Apherson said to her:

"As I told you when we first met, I am very tired of single life. I wish a companion with whom to make a home. I would be pleased to exchange information concerning ourselves with a view to marriage. You understand that my heart was long ago given to another and remains with that other today. I understand the same with regard to you."

"I appreciate the compliment you pay me; but, now that I am free to marry the man of my choice, I will marry no one else."

"Pardon me. I supposed that affair had ended as mine has ended."

"The man who loved me has never married."

"Indeed?"

"No, and I have lately met him."

"Not here?"

"Yes, here. Not long ago while walking with my mother I passed him. He did not recognize me, but I recognized him. Returning we sat down on the same seat with him. In order to bring about a meeting I left my purse on the—"

"Marion?"

"Yes, I am Marion."

There are certain things about women that puzzle me. Why did Marion recognize me, I not recognizing her? Then why did she resort to a ridiculous subterfuge to draw me to her instead of coming out in a frank, manly— I mean a frank way and making herself known? I don't know. I've been married to her ten years, and every month of this time I have discovered some new feature to puzzle me.

67th Birthday Anniversary.
William Borchert of the town of Lunenburg celebrated his 67th birthday anniversary on March 29th by entertaining a number of friends and relatives at a banquet. Among the guests were Mike Dusel and wife of Stockton, John Lutz, Ernest Borchert, Paul Ecker, Mr. Tashner and their families of Amherst, Dan Hopkins and wife, Otto Borchert and family, Andrew Fenton and family of Lunenburg. H. J. Flentz of Plymouth, on behalf of the assemblage, presented Mr. Borchert with a beautiful upholstered rocker. The venerable gentleman hopes to have a similar gathering each year until he reaches the century mark.

Peterson-Skoglund Marriage.

Many friends throughout the county will be interested in the marriage of Miss Esther Maude Skoglund and Elmer O. Peterson, both former residents of Amherst, which event took place at the home of the groom's sister, Mrs. C. H. Suli, at Stanley, last week Tuesday afternoon. The young couple will make their future home at Milford, Jefferson county, where Mr. Peterson operates a creamery. The bride is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Skoglund, highly esteemed residents of Amherst village. She is a native of that place and is recognized as one of the town's best girls. The groom's parents are Mr. and Mrs. Peter Peterson, pioneer farmers living near Lime Lake, and is a young man of excellent character and much ability. Until recently he had been employed at the Amherst creamery. Congratulations and well wishes are extended by all who know them.

YOUR WHITEST FRIEND



REMARKS:

Lace Curtains,
Rugs,
Carpets.

Ward's Laundry
Phone Double 6



Know the Last-Minute Fashion Tendencies

Directly from the world's most noted fashion centers, come the details which enter into the designing of these elegant coat and suit models.

You get here in these new models a correct picture of fashion's decree. And you may be certain of the Style, Tailoring, Fit and Service of any suit or coat in our stock, for each garment represents a real "Standard of Style."

You will find in these new garments the style best adapted at your particular figure requirements and a cloth and coloring to suit your fancy.

Perfect tailoring is strongly emphasized in each individual garment, and the wearer is secure in the knowledge of being well dressed.

Suppose you look through these garments and select the one best suited to your figure and fancy. The line includes a complete showing for Women and Misses.

Make an early selection to insure a better choice.

MOLL-GLENNON CO.

436-438 MAIN STREET



The Cook
always feels
confident of

pure and wholesome
food when using

Dr. PRICE'S
CREAM
Baking Powder

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar
Baking Powder
Made from Grapes

No Alum
No
Lime Phosphate

Dr. Naylor's Lecture.

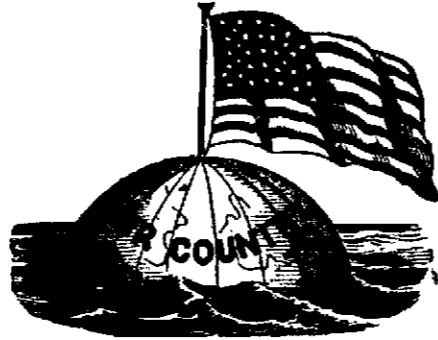
St. Paul's Methodist church was well filled last Friday evening on the occasion of the second entertainment of the spring chautauqua series. The lecture was an interpretation of the paintings of Watts, one of the leading English painters. The paintings were reproduced by means of lantern slides. It was an exhibit of a peculiar type of art and the speaker brought clearly the message of the artist. Each of the pictures was shown to have a deep meaning. One fact that was clearly established was that much of the art beauty and meaning of the best of art is lost to many by a failure to understand the artist's conception and what he was endeavoring to teach. The master painting will have much more of meaning hereafter to all who listen to this interesting and instructive description of this painter's work. Prof. Naylor is a very observing student and brought out many new and interesting lessons that would pass unnoticed by one not a student of art.

PLOVER.

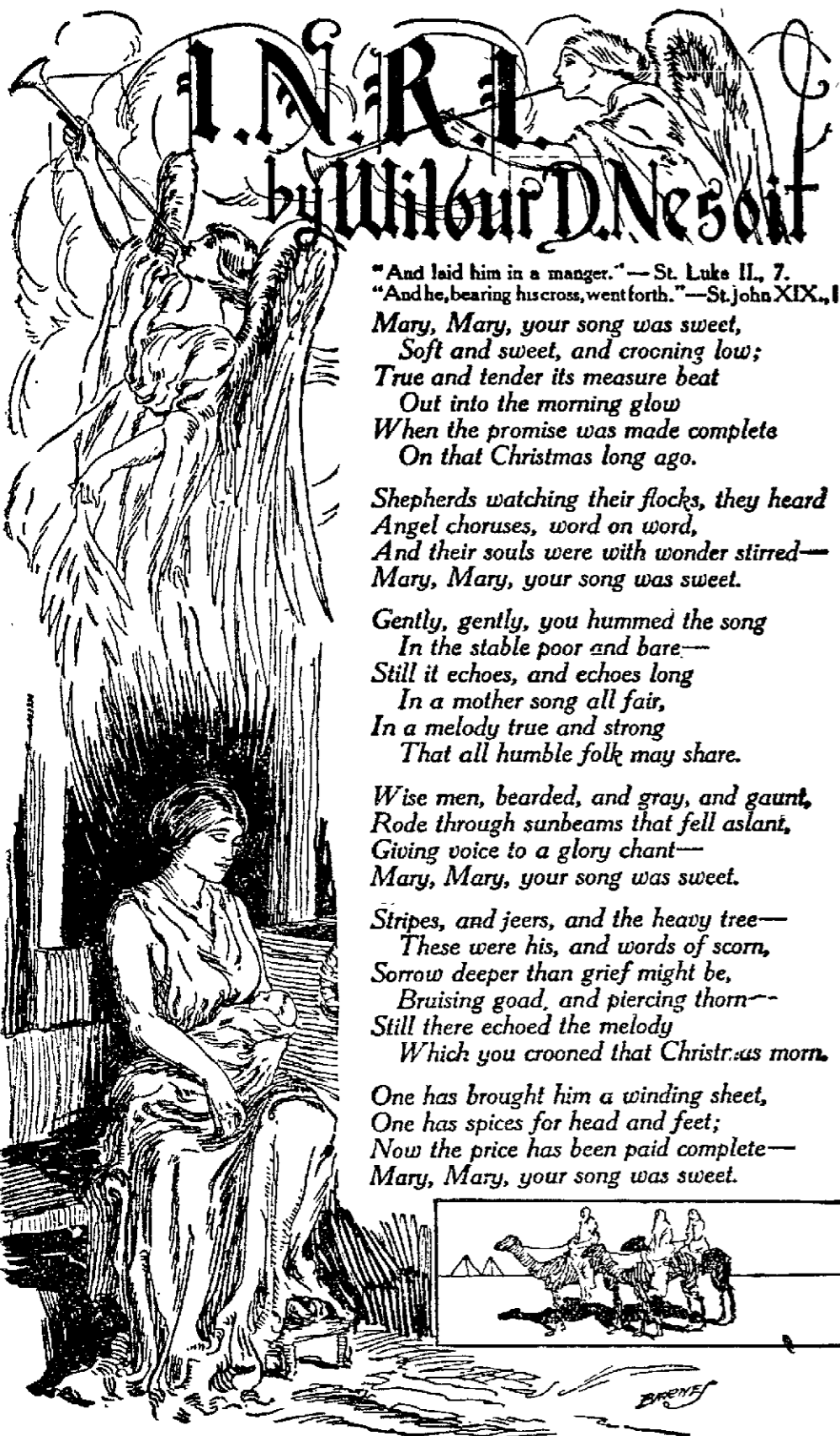
Mrs. Geo. Smart and Mrs. W. L. Hartwell were visitors at Amherst Tuesday, the guests of Mrs. Lena Wilson.

A. W. Pitcher has bought the Frank Pascavis farm near Meehan and will place it in charge of his son, Herman Pitcher, who recently returned from Nebraska.

A representative of the Holy Jumpers, whose headquarters are at Waukesha, spent a day or two here this week soliciting subscriptions for their publication, "The Burning Bush." The fellow was quite agreeable to those who signed for the paper but became quite indignant when a subscription was not forthcoming. By the way, this sect has dropped the name of Holy Jumpers, and now goes by the name of "The Burning Bush."



STEVENS POINT, WIS., APRIL 3, 1912.



A Public Proposal

PERKINS sat beside Miss Lewis in the choir. Perkins sang baritone, and she sang alto. They had sang in the choir for two years, and naturally it was a polite act at the first for him to offer to escort her home after choir practice.

This got to be a habit with him, until one evening he experienced a peculiar shock. Another man appeared at the choir rehearsal and listened with evident enjoyment to the singing, and then calmly walked away with Miss Lewis.

Shocks of this sort are salutary to the young man in love. Without them he takes the affair in too much of a matter of course way. He simply drifts.

The drifting lover is not a satisfactory one to a girl. The tide of his affection may be smooth enough, but it does not get anywhere. Women like the ambitious, aggressive man.

And certainly, from the feminine standpoint, aggressiveness and ambition are never more aptly exercised than in the effort to win her hand. Winning a hand is different from holding it as though it were inherited property.

The other man was Hollicker. Hollicker was a man who formulated a campaign as soon as he decided upon his object.

Consequently he had maneuvered so that Perkins had had mighty few moments with Miss Lewis.

And she enjoyed it. No matter how much a girl thinks of a man, she must enjoy his desperation and despair when he sees another man apparently winning her away from him. It is this elusiveness in woman nature that constitutes a large part of her human nature.

Perkins wanted to propose now, badly enough. But he needed the chance. This Easter morning when the choir arose to sing the anthem he looked over the congregation and he gritted his teeth when he saw Hollicker sitting right in the Lewis pew.

Mechanically he took up his part of the anthem, and as he sang an inspiration came to him. He and Miss Lewis had sort of a recitative second part to the solo during most of the anthem. The soprano carried the air and held all the attention of the audience, and the deep tones of the organ

SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

Latest News of Interest Boiled Down for the Busy Man.

Washington

The United States senate rejected the Sherwood dollar a day pension bill, which carried additional pension expenditure of \$75,000,000, and adopted Senator McCumber's substitute measure, which is based on both age and service and which will increase the pension expenditures by approximately \$27,000,000 annually.

The right of Senator Lorimer of Illinois to his seat in the United States senate was upheld by the special investigation committee, which decided that the senate's vote sustaining Mr. Lorimer in the last congress on substantially the same charges barred any further proceedings against him. The vote was 5 to 3. Another resolution adopted exonerated Edward Hines, the Chicago lumberman, of any wrongdoing.

By the close vote of 40 to 43, Senator Isaac Stephenson of Wisconsin was declared elected to his seat. This ends a long fight in which there were three investigations, revelations of \$107,793 spent by the senator in the primary campaign of 1908 and charges of the illegal use of money.

President Taft sent to congress a message urging the immediate enactment of a law to protect from private entry and exploitation fields of potash such as recently were discovered in southern California.

President Taft transmitted to congress the tariff board's report on the cotton schedule, with the recommendation that that section of the tariff law be taken up with a view to revision and reductions in the rates of duty.

Domestic

Freel Allen, youngest of the Allen outlaws, was captured at the home of his father, Jack Allen, near Hillsville, Va. Freel, who is a lad of eighteen years, with pink cheeks and light of build, had separated from the other members of the band who shot and killed five men in the local courthouse and sought refuge at the home of his parents.

Women will replace men in operating the cars of the Del Monte Heights electric railway at Monterey, Cal., on April 1.

Acting Secretary of State Wilson confirmed a report from Mexico City that all dependable Americans there were to be armed for their own defense and that other foreign governments were taking similar action. It was announced that Ambassador Wilson would distribute among the Americans 1,000 army rifles and revolvers, on the way to that city.

Operators of soft coal mines in western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois have agreed to a general advance in wages of five cents a ton on screened lump, with a corresponding increase for day labor and to grant a five-hour workday on Saturday. John P. White, president of the United Mine Workers, has issued an order to the men in the anthracite fields calling out all of the 175,000 men, except such as are necessary to protect property.

The levee at Bryant's Landing, on the Missouri side of the Mississippi at Texas Bend, 20 miles above Cairo, Ill., broke and water is now covering the big lake region in Missouri.

The Newcastle county (Del.) superior court granted a divorce to John Bancroft, Jr., from his wife, Madeleine Dr. Pont Bancroft, one of the Du Pont heiresses. The families of the couple are among the most prominent in Delaware and the charges made in connection with the case were of a sensational nature.

Two negroes were lynched near Blacksburg, S. C., after an unusual attack on a white man. The negroes are alleged to have forced the white man to drink whiskey and then, when he was intoxicated, to have attacked him.

Gov. Walter R. Stubbs of Kansas has requested the secretary of state of Nebraska to withdraw his name from the list of candidates for the Republican preferential nomination for vice-president. This leaves only John O. Yleser of Omaha and Albert Beveridge of Indiana as candidates.

Wholesale coal dealers and shippers in New York city say the coal panic among consumers has practically subsided.

Miss Violet Wade, a talented soprano of Chicago, and John Charles Thompson of Lynn, Mass., son of wealthy parents, ran afoul of the "health marriage" propaganda begun by Dean Sumner of Chicago. The couple was refused a license to wed because of the impaired condition of the health of the prospective bridegroom.

Philip Hichborn, a millionaire in his own right and a member of one of the oldest and wealthiest families, shot and killed himself in his home in Washington. Despondency caused by his wife running off with Horace Wylie, a prominent clubman, is presumed to have been the cause of the suicide.

Senator Francis G. Newlands, in a message to the Equal Franchise society of Nevada, at Reno, accepted a place on the ad-visory committee of the body.

William Langley, alias Charles Dean, pleaded guilty in Appleton, Wis., to a charge of forgery and was sentenced to the penitentiary at Waupun for five years.

Fear of a possible dynamite outrage as a sequel to a fatal riot caused martial law to be declared by Governor Deneen at the request of the Rock Island (Ill.) municipal and county officers. A complete regiment of 12 companies of the Illinois National Guard, 800 strong, was mobilized.

A presidential preferential primary bill was passed by a vote of 37 to 1 by the Illinois senate. The bill distinctly provides that the state-wide vote shall be binding on the delegates at large, while the vote in separate congressional districts shall be advisory only to the delegates in that district.

Stigmatizing the primary election in New York as a criminal farce under a wicked law, Col. Theodore Roosevelt made a bitter and scathing attack on the Taft "machine" at a mass meeting in Chicago. The "farce," Colonel Roosevelt asserted, could and should have no binding force on the Republican party.

The judge at the trial of Annie Crawford, accused at New Orleans of having murdered her sister Elise, through administration of morphine, announced a mistrial.

The Michigan senate passed an amendment to the state constitution granting equal suffrage to women. The vote was 23 to 5. The house is favorable to the amendment.

Three of the principal business buildings in Bellows Falls, Vt., the Union and Arms blocks and the Hotel Windham, were destroyed by fire, with a loss of \$200,000.

The ten-year fight of the government against ten Chicago packers on charge of maintaining a combine came to a close in Federal Judge Carpenter's court in Chicago with a jury verdict of "not guilty." The jury spent twenty hours in deliberating on the case. Three ballots were taken.

The Indiana Republican convention adopted a resolution instructing the state's four delegates-at-large to the national convention to vote for the renomination of President Taft. The Roosevelt delegates held a separate convention in the rear of the hall upon the adjournment of the regular convention and elected four delegates-at-large.

Joseph E. Black, commissioner from Missouri, has made a tentative selection of the site for the Missouri state building at the Panama-Pacific International exposition at San Francisco.

Foreign

The British miners' federation decided to take an immediate ballot among the men as to whether or not they desire to accept the government's minimum wage bill and return to work.

Personal

Congressman W. J. Fields of the Ninth Kentucky district, who recently underwent a surgical operation, is able to leave the hospital at Louisville, Ky.

Mrs. Abbles C. Morrison of Clagstone, Idaho, mother of Paul Clagstone, Republican candidate for governor of Idaho, is dead.

SCOTT'S SHIP BACK

EXPLORER NOT ABOARD—SENDS MESSAGE HE REMAINS TO COMPLETE WORK.

TO REMAIN NEAR SOUTH POLE

Will Stay in Antarctic Circle for Another Year—Says He Is 150 Miles From His Goal and Advancing Very Slowly.

Wellington, New Zealand.—The British explorer, Capt. Robert F. Scott, will remain in the antarctic for another year to complete the scientific and exploration work which he has undertaken there.

This word was brought to civilization by Captain Scott's vessel, the Terra Nova, which arrived in Akaroa, a harbor in the Banks peninsula. The captain of the vessel brought from the southern cap of the world the following message, signed by Scott:

"I am remaining in the antarctic for another winter in order to continue and complete my work."

Apart from this message, the latest received from Captain Scott was that on January 3 he was 150 miles from the south pole and advancing.

It was clear that had the explorer delayed sending back notification of his progress until he actually reached the pole, word from him could not have been received by the Terra Nova before it was compelled to leave, owing to the setting in of winter and the freezing of the Ross sea.

All on board the Terra Nova are well.

The present voyage of Scott to the polar regions was begun on November 29, 1910, when he sailed from Christchurch, New Zealand, with the best equipped expedition which ever started on such an adventure. The party was composed of fifty-eight officers and men, and carried along a large number of dogs, as well as three motor sledges, which were to be used in the dash over the great plateau toward the pole.

The expedition, while having for one of its objects the reaching of the south pole, was primarily a scientific venture. The study of geology, meteorology, gravity, and ice formations was to be the main object.

PRIMARY BILL NOW A LAW

Measure Allows a Preferential Vote in the State of Illinois on the Presidency.

Springfield, Ill.—Governor Deneen has affixed his signature to the presidential preference primary bill which had been passed by both branches of the legislature.

This action by the governor finished the proceedings necessary to make the bill a law. An emergency clause makes the law effective immediately. The presidential primaries will be held throughout the state on April 9.

The house of representatives passed the bill, which had already passed the senate. The vote was 110 to 0.

Taft's name will head the list of Republican candidates. The Taft petition was filed with the secretary of state before the secretary had been officially advised that the presidential primary bill was a statute. It bore the signatures of 1,629 Sangamon county Republicans and was presented by Postmaster L. E. Wheeler, Assistant United States District Attorney H. A. Converse, and Attorney George B. Gillespie.

SUGAR TRUST TRIAL FAILS

Further Prosecution Hinges Upon Action of President Taft and Attorney General Wickersham.

New York.—The jury in the case of John E. Parsons, Washington B. Thomas, George H. Frazier and Arthur Donner, charged with violating the criminal clause of the Sherman anti-trust law while directors of the American Sugar Refining company, reported a disagreement in the United States district court here.

Further prosecution of the four sugar trust directors, indicted for conspiracy under the Sherman anti-trust law, hinges upon the attitude of President Taft and Attorney General Wickersham.

SENATOR GORE NEAR DEATH

Maniac Pole Tries to Kill Blind Statesman at Political Meeting in Wisconsin.

Waukesha, Wis.—Thomas P. Gore, the blind United States senator from Oklahoma, while addressing a meeting of Wilson supporters, was attacked here by a maniac, who tried to kill him with a club. Judge Hamlin, who was presiding, saw the danger just in time to knock the maniac down as his club swung within a few inches of the senator's head.

STATE HAPPENINGS

Wausau.—The annual camp meeting of the Wisconsin conference of the Seventh day Adventists will be held in this city from June 20 to 30. The program will provide for a number of services and meetings each day, and leading workers of that faith will be present to deliver addresses. It is expected that 1,000 persons will attend the meetings.

Juneau.—Mayor John G. Buchhuber succumbed to death at his family residence here after an illness of one week's duration. He was serving his second term as mayor of Juneau. He was a prominent member of the Dodge county bar and served as county judge for Dodge county. He is survived by a wife and four children.

Ashland.—The health department has announced that it would compel all persons selling milk in the city of Ashland to furnish certificates from a veterinarian showing that cows are free from tuberculosis.

Rhineland.—The trustees of the Baptist church have extended a call to Rev. W. B. Milne of Grand Rapids to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Rev. P. G. Vap Zandt.

Sheboygan.—As a result of a collision between two automobiles on June 23, 1911, Hubert B. Schwan has instituted a suit for \$1,500 damages, alleged to have been sustained, against Julius Kretschner. Mr. Schwan alleges that he was driving in his automobile along a road in Kenosha county when a collision with Mr. Kretschner's automobile occurred. Mr. Schwan also claims that both he and a passenger in his car, C. F. Stemm, were thrown out onto the ground, badly injuring them.

Eau Claire.—Benjamin L. Runkle, former undersheriff of Washburn county, was arrested here charged by Christian F. Wiehe, secretary of the Edward Hines Lumber company, with criminal libel and attempted blackmail. It is alleged that Runkle tried to get money from Hines on the charge that his company set fire to their own plant at Washburn in 1906.

Ashland.—Andrew Engstrom, the Ashland man arrested for the shooting of George Wright, who accidentally touched one of the wolf traps alleged to have been set out among the Apostle Islands by Engstrom, was bound over to the circuit court for trial, after examination in the municipal court. Engstrom denied that the particular trap which caused Wright's injury belonged to him, but admitted that he had a large number of explosive traps set out among the islands and along the shore of Lake Superior for fifty miles. He declares he has killed in this way about seventy-five wolves during the last two years.

Waukesha.—That his son-in-law grasped him by the collar and forcibly ejected him from his own home when he ventured to suggest that a settlement of a board bill of several months' standing would be acceptable, is the complaint of Herman H. Barker, who fled suit for divorce from his wife, Marie. Barker, who is seventy years old, and a veteran of the Civil war, declared that his wife, who is forty and the mother of nine children by a former marriage, has mistreated him since he consented to transfer half of his property, consisting of a house and six lots and a bank account of \$500, to her name.

Ashland.—Indians will meet soon at Odanah to protest against an order from Washington enforcing the old law requiring all persons not full bloods who trade on the Bad River reservation to give a bond of \$10,000. It is said the law was adopted when all Indians on the reservation were full bloods and its enforcement now will put all Indians out of business.

Mantowoc.—A second herd of cattle in this county has been condemned within the last ten days because of being affected by tuberculosis. The latest case is that of Ferdinand Fetzner, a farmer at Whitelaw. The cattle are mostly Holsteins, some of which are worth \$250.

La Crosse.—According to an announcement made, a number of Wisconsin orators will leave for Maine immediately after the presidential primaries, where they will make addresses in the interests of the candidacy of Senator Robert M. La Follette. They also will go to California, Washington and Oregon for the same purpose.



MY LADY OF THE NORTH

The Love Story of a Gray Jacket

by RANDALL PARRISH

Author of "WHEN WILDERNESS WAS KING"

ILLUSTRATIONS BY ARTHUR T. WILLIAMSON

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NERVOUS DESPONDENT WOMEN

Find Relief in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound
—Their Own Statements
So Testify.

Platea, Pa.—"When I wrote to you first I was troubled with female weakness and backache, and was so nervous that I would cry at the least noise, it would startle me so. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies, and I don't have any more crying spells. I sleep sound and my nervousness is better. I will recommend your medicines to all suffering women."

—Mrs. MARY HALSTEAD, Platea, Pa., Box 98.

Here is the report of another genuine case, which still further shows that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound may be relied upon.

Walcott, N. Dakota.—"I had inflammation which caused pain in my side, and my back ached all the time. I was so blue that I felt like crying if anyone even spoke to me. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I began to gain right away. I continued its use and now I am a well woman."

—Mrs. AMELIA DAHL, Walcott, N. Dakota.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

LYNCH LAW.



Eastman—Yes, I'm broke! Bank's suspended; what can a fellow do? Alkali Bill—Wall, ain't tell what you'd do here, but out my way we'd suspend the banker! Savvy?

A Frequent Type.

"Spoonleigh is a connoisseur of happiness."

"How do you define a connoisseur of happiness?"

"A person who knows how to be happy but can't."

His Business to Know.

Wife—Look, I bought this fur coat today. They tell me we are going to have very cold weather soon. Husband—Who told you so? Wife—The furrier.

SHE QUIT COFFEE And Much Good Came From It.

It is hard to believe that coffee will put a person in such a condition as it did a woman of Apple Creek, O. She tells her own story:

"I did not believe coffee caused my trouble, and frequently said I liked it so well I would not quit drinking it, even if it took my life, but I was a miserable sufferer from heart trouble and nervous prostration for four years. I was scarcely able to go around at all. Had no energy, and did not care for anything. Was emaciated and had a constant pain around my heart until I thought I could not endure it. I felt as though I was liable to die any time."

"Frequently I had nervous chills and the least excitement would drive sleep away, and any little noise would upset me terribly. I was gradually getting worse until finally one day, it came over me, and I asked myself what is the use of being sick all the time and buying medicine so that I can indulge myself in coffee?"

"So I thought I would see if I could quit drinking coffee, and got some Postum to help me quit. I made it strictly according to directions, and I want to tell you that change was the greatest step in my life. It was easy to quit coffee because I had the Postum which I like better than I liked the old coffee. One by one the old troubles left, until now I am in splendid health, nerves steady, heart all right, and the pain all gone. Never have any more nervous chills, don't take any medicine, can do all my housework, and have done a great deal besides."

"My sister-in-law, who visited me this summer had been an invalid for some time, much as I was. I got her to quit coffee and drink Postum. She gained five pounds in three weeks, and I never saw such a change in anyone's health."

"There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

SYNOPSIS.

The story opens in a Confederate tent at a critical stage of the Civil War. Gen. Lee imparts to Capt. Wayne an important message to Longstreet. Accompanied by Sgt. Crane and an old army scout, Wayne starts on his mission. They get within the lines of the enemy and in the darkness Wayne is taken for a Federal officer and a young lady on horseback is given in his charge. She is a northern girl and attempts to escape. One of the horses succumbs and Crane goes through with the dispatches, while Wayne and Miss Lady of the North are left alone. They seek shelter in a hut and entering it in the dark a huge mass of attacks Wayne. The girl shows Crane the way in time. The owner of the hut, Jed Bunkay, and his wife appear and soon a party of horsemen approach. They are led by a man claiming to be Red Lortie, but who proves to be Maj. Brennan, a Federal officer whom the Union girl recognizes. He orders the arrest of Wayne as a spy and he is brought before Sheridan, who threatens him with death unless he reveals the secret message. Wayne believes Edith Brennan to be the wife of Maj. Brennan. He is introduced to a Miss Minor and barely escapes being unmasked. Edith Brennan recognizing Wayne, says she will save him. Securing a pass through the lines, they are confronted by Brennan, who is snatched senseless. Then, bidding Edith adieu, Wayne makes a dash for liberty. He encounters Bunkay, they reach the Lee camp and are greeted with reinforcements to join Early. In the battle of Shenandoah the regiment is overwhelmed, and Wayne, while in the hospital, is visited by Edith Brennan. Wayne and Edith are sent on a scouting detail, and arriving at the Minor place, Wayne meets Miss Minor and Mrs. Bunkay, and later Edith appears. Wayne's detachment is besieged by guerrillas. Brennan and his men arrive and aid in repelling the invaders until a rescuing party of bluecoats reach the scene. Brennan challenges Wayne to a duel.

CHAPTER XXXIV.—Continued.

"Well, I suppose I shall be compelled to let you and Beelzebub go, but it will prove a serious loss to the cause of the South," I said, my thoughts instantly turned by mention of the mule to matters of more importance. "I expect there will be lively times up your way."

"Ye kin jist bet thar will," enthusiastically. "It'll be nip and tuck, I reckon, but I'm mighty hopeful o' Mariar. Thet dern muel he needs ter be took down a peg."

"Sergeant," I said, "did you send out a party to bring in our horses and the sabers?"

"It vos all done already; der horses vos found und der swords."

"How many men have we lost?"

"Der vos five kilt, Captain; dot vos it. I vos hit mit der ear off; Sands is goin' to die, und maybe Elliott will not get some better; some odders vos hurted."

"How many men does that leave us fit for duty?" I asked decisively, pushing back my plate and rising from the table.

"Dere vos twelve, Captain, mit me." "That will do," I said. "In half an hour from now have the men ready for the road," and I turned and left the room.

We must depart at once. More than ever now I realized the necessity for haste. I hoped to meet the officer commanding the Federal detachment who had come to our aid, pay him the customary marks of respect, and get away without again coming in contact with Major Brennan. I felt myself pledged to this course of action.

A sentry stationed in the lower hall-way informed me the officers were messing together in the front parlor, and I at once headed that way. I paused, however, to visit the wounded for a moment, spoke cheerily to my own men, and then, opening the door quietly, entered the room which I had last left in possession of the guerrillas. With the exception of broken windows and bullet-scarred walls little evidence remained of that contest which had raged here with such fury but a few hours previously. There were numerous dark stains upon the carpet, but much of the furniture had been restored to place, while a cheerful wood fire crackled in the open grate. Before it three men were sitting smoking, while upon a small table close at their elbows rested a flat bottle, flanked by several glasses. A single glance sufficed to tell me they were Federal cavalrymen, one being the red-faced lieutenant whom I had already met.

"I am seeking the commander of this detachment," I explained, as they glanced at me in surprise at my entrance unannounced. "I am Captain Wayne, in charge of the Confederate troop which was engaged in defense of this house."

A portly man with a strong face, and wearing a closely clipped gray beard, arose from a comfortable armchair and advanced with hand extended.

"I am Captain Moorehouse, in command," he answered, cordially, "and am very glad to meet you. Will you not join us? My second lieutenant, who has positive genius in that line, has unearthed a few bottles of rather choice whiskey which we will divide most gladly."

"I thank you," I replied, anxious to meet him as pleasantly as possible, "but I am eager to get away upon my duty as early as may be, and have merely intruded upon you to explain my purpose."

"Nonsense," he insisted. "Duty is never quite so urgent as to require a waste of good liquor. Captain Wayne, permit me to present my officers—Lieutenants Warren and Starr, Second New Hampshire Cavalry."

The constant haunting fear of the

Major's possible entrance at any moment rendered me extremely uneasy, and anxious to be away. Undoubtedly this feeling exhibited itself in my manner, for Captain Moorehouse said finally:

"I realize your natural anxiety to be off, Captain Wayne, and while we should be very glad to keep you with us indefinitely, yet I trust you will feel perfectly free in the matter."

"I thank you greatly," I answered, rising as I spoke. "My duty is of such a nature, and has already been so long neglected that I feel every moment of unnecessary delay to be a crime. I wish you a pleasant return within your own lines, and an early cessation of hostilities."

I had shaken hands with them all, and turned toward the door, congratulating myself on escaping thus easily, when a new voice broke suddenly in upon my self-satisfaction:

"I trust Captain Wayne is not intending to depart without at least a word with me?"

It was Brennan. He had entered unobserved from the second parlor. "Frankly," I responded, "I hoped I might."

"Have you forgotten, then, our compact, or do you simply elect to ignore it?"

I saw the others exchange quick glances of amazement, but I answered coolly:

"The latter supposition is more nearly the truth, Major Brennan. I felt that after what we have just passed through together we could both afford to ignore the past, and consequently was hoping to escape without again encountering you."

"Indeed!" he exclaimed, sarcastically. "But I might have expected it. Gentlemen," and he turned toward the expectant group, "this man and I have a personal grievance of long standing unsettled. I have sought him for months in vain. When he came last night to our assistance before I even consented to accept his services I insisted that no occurrence of the defense should prevent our meeting, if we both survived. Now he endeavors to sneak away like a whipped cur. I demand satisfaction at his hands, and if it is refused I shall denounce him in both armies."

My cheeks burned, but before I could control myself sufficiently for answer, Moorehouse spoke.

"But, Brennan, see here," he said anxiously. "Surely Captain Wayne has served you well. Is this trouble between you so serious that no amends are possible?"

"None, short of a personal meeting."

"Captain," and the perplexed federal commander turned toward me, "have you any word of explanation in this unfortunate affair?"

"Very little," I answered. "I am not even aware that I have done injury to Major Brennan, purposely or otherwise. He has not so much as honored me with information as to his cause of complaint. However, I care very little what it may be. As he has seen fit to denounce me before officers of my own corps, I should be extremely glad to meet him upon that ground alone; but after what we have just passed through together, I felt ready to blot out these past differences. Whatever they may have been, they are not liable to occur again, nor we to meet."

"They have occurred again since you have been in this house!" Brennan broke forth excitedly. "You are not a coward, but I brand you here and now as a sneak and liar! Now will you fight?"

We stood for a moment in utter silence, eye to eye, and I knew there was no help for it. These words, publicly spoken, left me no choice.

"I am at your service, Major Brennan," I returned sternly, "now or at any time. But I am unfortunate here in having no officer of my army present, and hence can name no second."

"Doubtless one of these gentlemen will consent to serve," he said, his face brightening at my rejoinder.

Some one hastily pushed a way to the front, and Lieutenant Caton, pale but determined, stood at my shoulder.

"It will afford me pleasure to act

for Captain Wayne," he said clearly. "If he will accept my services. Moreover," he added, with a significant glance at Brennan. "I do this as a friend, and with full confidence that I am upon the right side in the quarrel."

For a moment no one spoke, Brennan biting his mustache to keep back the words he durst not utter. Then Caton turned to me.

"If you will retire to the library, Wayne, I will arrange this matter with whoever may represent Major Brennan."

With a slight formal bow to those present I quitted the room.

CHAPTER XXXV.

The Last Resort of Gentlemen.

I found the library deserted, and paced the floor for fully half an hour before Caton appeared. Stung as I had been by Brennan's harsh, uncalculated words, I yet shrank from the thought that I must now meet him in deadly combat. It was no fear of personal injury that troubled me; indeed I do not recall giving this the slightest consideration, for my mind was altogether concentrated upon what

honorably refuse any longer to go out. Major Brennan has deliberately placed me in a position where I cannot avoid meeting him without losing all standing in my corps. I sought to escape, but was prevented by accident; now I simply yield to the inevitable. I feel confident you will not misconstrue these words; you surely know me sufficiently well so as not to attribute them to cowardice. I shall face him exactly in accordance with your arrangements, asking nothing upon my part, yielding him every satisfaction he can possibly desire—but I shall fire in the air."

He stared at me incredulously, his face a perfect picture of amazement. "But, Wayne," he stammered, "are you aware that Major Brennan is an expert with the pistol? that he holds the Sixth Corps trophy? Do you realize that he goes out deliberately intending to kill you?"

"I was not posted as to the first fact you mention, but have never entertained the slightest doubt as to the other. However, they do not in the least affect my decision. Yet I do not desire you to suppose that I am at all quaking in this—there is a personal reason why I am perfectly willing to



"Brennan Hurlled His Yet Smoking Derringer at His Feet With an Oath."

such a meeting must necessarily mean to Edith Brennan, and how it would affect our future relationship. This was the thought that swayed and mastered me. I had pledged myself to avoid him, and indeed had used every means possible to that end. The time was none too long, yet my mind once thoroughly settled as to my duty to her, became calm again, and confident in the outcome. When Caton entered, flushed and visibly excited from what had evidently proven an acrimonious controversy, I greeted him with a smile.

"You appear to have experienced difficulties in regard to details," I said curiously.

"There was much unnecessary talk," he admitted, "but matters have been at last arranged to the satisfaction of all concerned. You are to meet at once, in the rear of the big tobacco shed, a spot entirely removed from observation. I have been compelled to accept pistols as the weapons, as we have nothing else here at all suitable for the purpose—cavalry sabers being far too cumbersome. Lieutenant Starr chances to possess two derringers exactly alike, which we have mutually agreed upon. I hope this is satisfactory to you, Wayne?"

"I am not precisely an expert, but that does not greatly matter. Who acts for Brennan?"

"Captain Moorehouse, rather against his will, I think."

"Very well, Caton; I am perfectly satisfied, and am, indeed, greatly obliged to you; yet before we go out I desire to speak a word or two with the utmost frankness." I stood facing him, my hand resting lightly upon the writing table, my eyes reading his expressive face. "As my second I wish you to comprehend fully my actions, and the motives that inspire them. If they are in any way unsatisfactory to your mind you may feel at perfect liberty to withhold your services. I am now, and always have been, opposed to dueling; I believe it wrong in principle, and a travesty upon justice; but it is a custom of the South, a requirement among officers of our army, and after what has just occurred between Major Brennan and myself I cannot

risk my life rather than injure Major Brennan."

His troubled eyes studied me intently, and then his face suddenly brightened with a new thought. "Wayne," he asked, placing his hand upon my arm familiarly, "is it Mrs. Brennan?"

For an instant I hesitated, but his manly, honest countenance reassured me. "Between us only, it is," I answered gravely; "but not the slightest blame attaches to her."

"I do not wholly understand," he said at last, "yet I do not doubt you may be perfectly right in your decision." He extended his hand impulsively. "I know you to be a good soldier and a true gentleman; I will stand by you, Wayne, but I pledge this—if he takes advantage treacherously, and you fall (as God forbid!) I will face him myself; and when I do, there will be no firing in the air."

I do not remember that we spoke, save once, while we passed out through the orchard field where the big tobacco shed stood. Not until we turned the corner of the great ramshackle building, which in other and more prosperous days had been dedicated to the curing of the leaf, did we perceive any signs of the presence of our antagonists. They were standing upon the further side, directly opposite the door, and both bowed slightly as we approached. The Captain came toward us slowly.

"It is to be greatly regretted, gentlemen," he said, with ceremonious politeness, "that we have no surgeon with us. However, neither contestant has any advantage in this respect. Lieutenant Caton, may I ask if the arrangements as already completed have proven satisfactory to your principals?"

"Entirely so."

"Then if you will kindly step this way a moment we will confer as to certain details."

Brennan was leaning in negligent attitude against the side of the building, his eyes fastened upon the ground, the blue smoke of a cigar curled lazily above his head. I glanced toward him, and then sought to amuse myself watching the queer antics of a gray squirrel on the fence rail beyond. I

felt no desire for further thought, only an intense anxiety for them to hurry the preliminaries, and have the affair settled as speedily as possible. I was aroused by Moorehouse's rather nasal voice.

"Gentlemen, will you please take your positions. Major Brennan, you will stand three paces to the right of that sapling, facing directly south. Captain Wayne, kindly walk straight west from the shed door until you come opposite the Major's position."

I noted Brennan throw away the stump of his cigar, and then I walked slowly forward until I reached the point assigned me. My heart was beating fast now, for I fully realized the probabilities of the next few minutes, and felt little doubt that serious injury, if not death, was to be my portion. Yet my trained nerves did not fail me, and outwardly I appeared fully as cool and deliberate as my opponent. Years of constant exposure to peril in every form had yielded me a grim philosophy of fatalism that now stood me in most excellent stead. Indeed, I doubt not, had I chosen to put it to the test, my hand would have proven the steadiest of the two, for Brennan's face was flushed, and he plainly exhibited the intense animosity with which he confronted me.

How peculiar the mind often operates in such moments of exciting suspense. I recall remarking a very slight stoop in Brennan's shoulders which I had never perceived before. I remember wondering where Moorehouse had ever discovered a tailor to give so shocking a fit to his coat, and finally I grew almost interested in two birds perched upon the limb of a tree opposite where I stood. I even smiled to myself over a jest one of the young officers had made an hour before. Yet with it all I remained keenly observant and fully aware of each movement made by the others on the field. I saw Caton accept the derring-banded him and test it carefully, the long, slim, blue barrel looking deadly enough as he held it up between me and the sky. Then Moorehouse approached Brennan with its fellow in his grasp, and the Lieutenant crossed over, and stood beside me.

"Here is the gun, Wayne," he said, "and I sincerely hope you have changed your decision. There is no mercy in Brennan's eyes."

"So I notice," I answered, taking the derring-banded from him, and examining it with some curiosity, "but I shall do as I said, nevertheless. It is not any sentiment of mercy I feel which spares him, but a duty that appeals to me even more strongly than hate."

"By Heaven, I wish it were otherwise."

"Who gives the word?" I questioned. "I do; are you ready?"

"Perfectly."

I held out my hand, and his fingers closed upon it with warm, friendly grip. The next moment Brennan and I stood, seemingly alone, facing each other, as motionless as two statues. His coat was buttoned to the throat, his cap-visor pulled low over his eyes, his pistol hand hanging straight down at his side, his gaze never wavering from me. I knew he was coolly, deliberately measuring the distance between us with as deadly a purpose as any murderer. The almost painful stillness was broken by Caton, and I marked the tremor in his voice.

"Are you both ready, gentlemen?"

"I am," said Brennan.

"Ready," I replied.

"The word will be one, two, three—fire; with a slight pause after the three. A report from either pistol before the final word is spoken I shall take personally. Be prepared now."

"Ready!" said the voice once more; and as I saw Brennan's arm slowly rise, I lifted mine also, and covered him, noting, as I did so, almost in wonder, with what steadiness of nerve and wrist I held the slender gauge just beneath the visor of his cap. Deliberately, as though he dreaded the necessity, Caton counted:

"One; two; three—fire!"

My pistol exploded, the charge striking the limb above him, and I staggered backward, my hat torn from my head, a white line cut through my hair and a thin trickle of blood upon my temple. I saw Caton rushing toward me, his face filled with anxiety, and then Brennan hurled his yet smoking derring-banded into the dirt at his feet with an oath.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

When Beecher "Hollered."

Coming home from the morning service one Sunday Dr. Beecher threw himself on a lounge and said, in a tone of deep dejection: "I believe that was the worst sermon I ever preached."

One of his daughters protested that she had seldom heard him when he was more energetic. "Oh, yes," was the impatient reply, "When I haven't anything to say I always holler."—The Outlook.

His Right to Title.

A French paper says that a New Zealand chief had just taken up his residence upon a piece of land, his right to which was contested: "I have got an undoubted title to the property," he observed, "as I ate the preceding owner."



"I Brand You Here and Now as Sneak and Liar; Now Will You Fight?"

any time. But I am unfortunate here in having no officer of my army present, and hence can name no second."

"Doubtless one of these gentlemen will consent to serve," he said, his face brightening at my rejoinder.

Some one hastily pushed a way to the front, and Lieutenant Caton, pale but determined, stood at my shoulder.

"It will afford me pleasure to act

for Captain Wayne," he said clearly. "If he will accept my services. Moreover," he added, with a significant glance at Brennan. "I do this as a friend, and with full confidence that I am upon the right side in the quarrel."

For a moment no one spoke, Brennan biting his mustache to keep back the words he durst not utter. Then Caton turned to me.

"If you will retire to the library, Wayne, I will arrange this matter with whoever may represent Major Brennan."

With a slight formal bow to those present I quitted the room.

CHAPTER XXXV.

The Last Resort of Gentlemen.

I found the library deserted, and paced the floor for fully half an hour before Caton appeared. Stung as I had been by Brennan's harsh, uncalculated words, I yet shrank from the thought that I must now meet him in deadly combat. It was no fear of personal injury that troubled me; indeed I do not recall giving this the slightest consideration, for my mind was altogether concentrated upon what

honorably refuse any longer to go out. Major Brennan has deliberately placed me in a position where I cannot avoid meeting him without losing all standing in my corps. I sought to escape, but was prevented by accident; now I simply yield to the inevitable. I feel confident you will not misconstrue these words; you surely know me sufficiently well so as not to attribute them to cowardice. I shall face him exactly in accordance with your arrangements, asking nothing upon my part, yielding him every satisfaction he can possibly desire—but I shall fire in the air."

He stared at me incredulously, his face a perfect picture of amazement. "But, Wayne," he stammered, "are you aware that Major Brennan is an expert with the pistol? that he holds the Sixth Corps trophy? Do you realize that he goes out deliberately intending to kill you?"

"I was not posted as to the first fact you mention, but have never entertained the slightest doubt as to the other. However, they do not in the least affect my decision. Yet I do not desire you to suppose that I am at all quaking in this—there is a personal reason why I am perfectly willing to

WHO & WHY

HELEN GOULD TO THE RESCUE



Miss Helen Gould, philanthropist, one of the best loved among American women and possessor of millions, has come forward to save the family fortunes from possible wreckage and to restore the prestige of the family name.

At the very moment when the financial downfall of the family is impending she has offered to cast her personal fortune into the breach to stay the threatened calamity.

In so doing she has chosen to forget and to forgive all that has occurred to alienate one member of the family from the others. She is inspired by her own bounty of heart and by the deep reverence in which she holds her father's memory.

Miss Gould left New York the other day in her private car for San Francisco, for it is there that the arrangements will be made by which the family finances will be straightened out. She is going to look over things for herself, and is accompanied by some prominent financiers.

She will see and study for the first time the great Gould properties that have their center in San Francisco. With her are a number of eastern financiers and railroad men, with whom she will advise.

Until now Miss Gould has remained free of the financial enterprises in which her family has been involved. Her chief concern has been her philanthropic work.

HEAD OF VERY SMARTEST SET

Sadness and gloom have been the portion of a large section of the American Society (the careful of the large S!), since the publication of that remarkable book "The 400 Ultra-Fashionables of America," compiled by Charles Wilbur de Lyon Nichols, on whose shoulders has fallen the mantle of Ward McAllister, inventor of New York's "400." The cream of the cream of American society have now been segregated, corralled, re-concentrated or otherwise abstracted from the common herd and seated on high in the splendor and dazzling radiance of Mr. de Lyon Nichols, august approval. There appears to be, however, a remarkable lack of invention displayed in the New York list of 300 notables. It is confined practically to the guests who were invited to meet the Connaughts and Princess Patricia on their recent visit. Surely New York is going to the dogs when it can only muster a beggarly 300.

Even Ward McAllister, in an earlier and less enlightened period, permitted the metropolis to have a sacred circle of 400. The reason may be that only the superfine ultra-fashionables are included in Beau Nichols' arbitrary selection, and that those unfortunates who are at all tainted with the stigma of slowness, who do not fully subscribe to the modern doctrine of "eat, drink and be merry, for tomorrow we die," are dropped relentlessly. Possibly the compiler's wisdom did not wholly desert him and he hesitated to embark on the stormy waters of the next stratum below, being assured of countenance and support by the precedent already established.



KING PETER IS IN TROUBLE



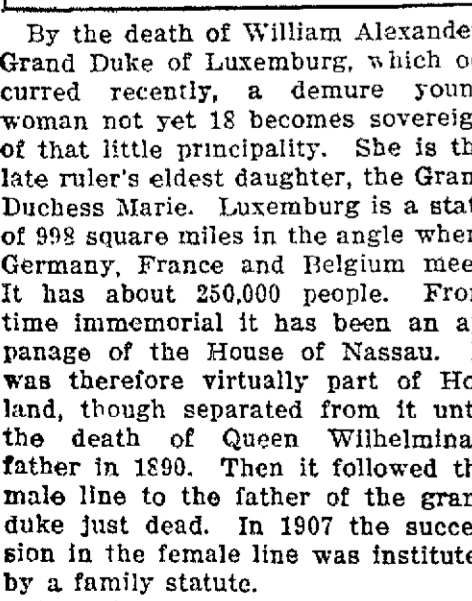
Is the bloody drama of 1903 about to be repeated in Belgrade? That is a question that all Europe, including Serbian people themselves, are asking. For weeks reports have emanated from Belgrade that a conspiracy has been formed among the officers of the army having for its purpose the dethronement of King Peter, if necessary, by as violent means as those of the terrible night nine years ago, when King Alexander and Queen Draga were murdered in the palace.

King Peter is paying for whatever guilty knowledge he may have had of the regicide plot with uneasy days and sleepless nights. Now in his sixty-eighth year, he is wondering if it was worth while after all, to trade his peace of mind as a private citizen in Switzerland, for the bloody crown of Serbia. Through the palace still stalks the restless ghost of Alexander and the king's ears must still resound the echo of the shrieks of Draga.

At the foreign office and in the war ministry all knowledge of plots and conspiracies are denied, of course. "It is a sensational newspaper lie," said one official, who was most anxious to leave the impression that the best relations existed between Peter and the army and Peter and his people. But talk in the cafes, converse with officers to whom you have been vouched for or ask any representative of the common Serbians, the working people, and one finds little praise for Peter.

"Serbia wants to become a republic," one army officer said. "The army and the people are tired of the dynasty."

RULER OF SMALLEST STATE



By the death of William Alexander, Grand Duke of Luxembourg, which occurred recently, a demure young woman not yet 18 becomes sovereign of that little principality. She is the late ruler's eldest daughter, the Grand Duchess Marie. Luxembourg is a state of 998 square miles in the angle where Germany, France and Belgium meet. It has about 250,000 people. From time immemorial it has been an appanage of the House of Nassau. It was therefore virtually part of Holland, though separated from it until the death of Queen Wilhelmina's father in 1890. Then it followed the male line to the father of the grand duke just dead. In 1907 the succession in the female line was instituted by a family statute.

At a time, some years ago, when it seemed likely that Queen Wilhelmina of Holland, would be childless, she designated this young grand duchess as heir to the throne of the Netherlands and was about to ask the Dutch states general to pass the necessary legislation to this end. Shortly afterward, however, the hopes of the Dutch people for a direct heir to the throne were gratified by the birth of the little Princess Juliana.

The grand duchess is described as an unusually pretty girl, impatient of advice, quick tempered and impulsive—characteristics which greatly displease the royal busy-bodies who are already occupied in selecting for her a suitable husband.

ROAD and FARM IMPROVEMENT



EXPERIMENTS IN GOOD ROADS

Present Efforts May Lead to Discovery of Binding Material That Is Quite Essential.

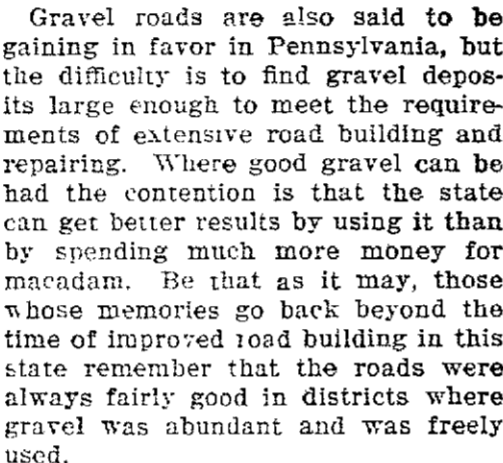
The efforts to obtain a durable binder for road material are not without value, because they clearly show what to avoid, and may, by the slow process of elimination, lead to the discovery of the binding material that is so essential to road making at the present time.

There is nothing yet known in this country, nor yet in France, where a system of 18,000 miles of federal roads is under constant, scientific supervision, that will withstand the double effect of horsedrawn vehicles and pneumatic-tired motor cars. But if there is any combination that will meet these requirements, it is certain to be brought to light some day, and by just the kind of experiments made in Camden and elsewhere, says the Newark News.

In Vermont and in Massachusetts, where crushed stone is abundant, the roads that are made of good gravel appear to be giving good satisfaction. In the first place, they have the very decided merit of being much cheaper than macadam roads, and they seem to require less scientific and less costly repaving. And in addition they are not so dusty as the macadam when the latter has been subjected to heavy traffic and the wear and tear of automobiles.

Gravel roads are also said to be gaining in favor in Pennsylvania, but the difficulty is to find gravel deposits large enough to meet the requirements of extensive road building and repaving. Where good gravel can be had the contention is that the state can get better results by using it than by spending much more money for macadam. Be that as it may, those whose memories go back beyond the time of improved road building in this state remember that the roads were always fairly good in districts where gravel was abundant and was freely used.

Any small wooden box may be converted into a house like the one shown in the illustration. Use thin, smooth boards for the roof. Notice the board placed below the house. This is to keep the cats from climbing up to the birds' home. The other house is made by hollowing out a large tree limb and

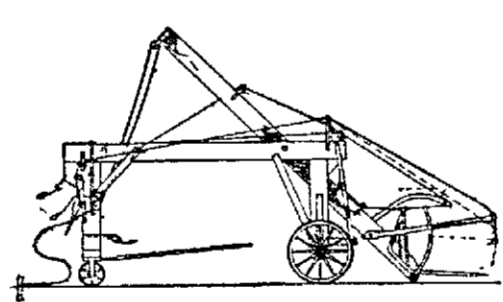


MANURE LOADER IS USEFUL

Device Is Arranged to Take Up the Material and Hold It Until Released Into Wagon.

In describing a manure loader, invented recently by C. Elasser of Manhattan, Kan., the Scientific American says:

The apparatus illustrated herewith in a side elevation shows the lever and connected parts in position there held when it is hauled forward to take up the load, and is for use in taking up and loading upon wagons manure or offal found in yards or corrals. A vertical frame is mounted on wheels and adapted to be hauled by a team attached to the rear vertical post of the frame, the same having a caster wheel to enable the frame to be readily turned to right and left. In front is a long beam constituting a lever which swings vertically in the frame and whose front end is provided with



Manure Loader.

a fork and other devices to seize and take up manure and other material and to hold it as the lever deposits it upon a wagon. Means provide for releasing the fork and devices and for hauling out the material on the fork from the great body of material before the lever is tilted to raise the load.

Getting Into Hard Soil.

In raising a good crop it must be conceded that traction farming is far ahead of farming done with animal power. It is a well known fact and all agricultural authorities agree that deep plowing and the packing of the subsoil produce a better crop than is possible with the ordinary method of shallow plowing.

It is almost an impossibility to plow deep with horses and the common horse plow because the entire outfit is too light to get down into hard soil. On the other hand, an engine is heavy and strong enough to secure good results. At the same time it is far cheaper, to plow with an engine than it is to plow with horses.

Fertilizing Malt Barley.

On light soils many European investigations have shown that the addition of fertilizers containing relatively large amounts of potash is productive of a heavy grain rich in starch and poor in protein, a grain well suited for malting purposes. Phosphatic fertilizers have a similar effect on the grain.

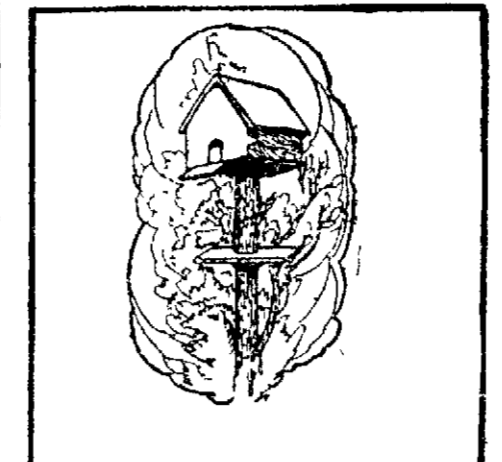
Selection of Seed.

By a careful selection and cultivation a Kansas farmer produced 800 bushels of oats from an eight-acre field; an average by weight of 100 bushels to the acre. It is all sound and of the very highest quality.

PROVIDING HOMES FOR BIRDS

United States Department of Agriculture Is Urging People to Protect Native Songsters.

The United States department of agriculture is urging people in all parts of the country to do everything in their power to attract and protect our native song birds. In the winter this may be accomplished by feeding the birds when the land is locked in

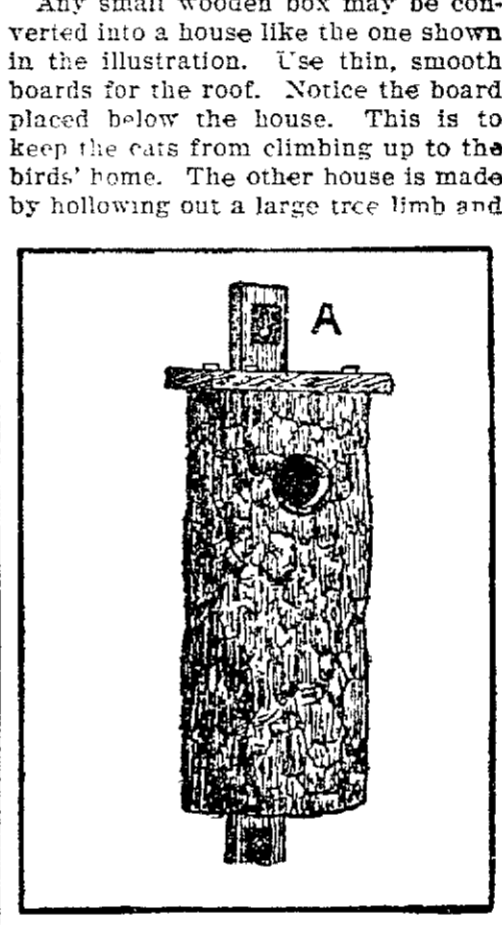


Protected Against Cats.

ice and snow. In spring people are urged to put up nesting boxes where the birds may make their homes and rear their young. In summer these little feathered neighbors need human protection to shield their young from the attacks of cats.

Are you going to join the ranks of the bird protectors of this land? If you are now is the time to show your loyalty to your feathered friends. Make some nesting houses and get them up at once. The song birds are here and they are beginning to look for places to build their homes. It isn't difficult to make nesting boxes. Once the birds have discovered them they will begin to collect material with which to line them and make them soft and "comfy" for their families.

Any small wooden box may be converted into a house like the one shown in the illustration. Use thin, smooth boards for the roof. Notice the board placed below the house. This is to keep the cats from climbing up to the birds' home. The other house is made by hollowing out a large tree limb and



Made From Tree Limb.

cutting a hole in it for a doorway. For blue birds make the entrance hole about the size of a quarter. If the box is intended for wrens make it smaller. When doors are larger than the sizes mentioned sparrows are apt to inhabit them. Blue birds are among the most desirable tenants and they have been known to utilize as houses tin cans, old shoes, large funnels, or any other receptacle that is nailed securely to a post or wall.

Necessity for Testing Seed.

Good seed corn is the key to getting good stands of corn. A good stand of corn is necessary to secure good yields. Owing to the wet fall of 1911 there is now much doubtful seed corn in the country.

One cannot afford to plant corn any year, much less this year, without testing. The single-ear method of testing seed corn is the only practical method.

Good Roads & Farm Notes

Test your seed corn before planting.

Cold water is practically useless for removing bacteria.

Weeds cause an annual loss of many millions of dollars.

The best fertilizer for the garden is rotted stable manure.

Coarse manure from the horse stable is the kind to put in the hotbed.

Good seed is one of the important factors in the production of good crops.

When rhubarb grows rank and spindling it needs thinning out and working over.

The silo correctly used will solve the question of profit from \$100 an acre land.

The silo is the only safe and sure way and the cheapest way to handle the corn crop.

Generally speaking, the depth to plant should be four times the diameter of the seeds.

Know whether a plant requires a situation dry or moist, hot or cool, sunny or shady to know where to put that plant.

There are very few farms on which additional labor expended in preparing the seed bed would not yield handsome returns.

Rotation of crops is one of the simple, practical methods of increasing the productivity of the farm and distributing labor.

WHAT INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS SAY

Insurance Commissioner Wm. H. Hotchkiss of New York, chairman of the executive committee of the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners, prior to the last Head Camp of the Modern Woodmen of America, gave the following official notice to that society:

"Pursuant to action of the national convention of state insurance commissioners, at its adjourned session in December last, I write you this expression of views as to the necessity of your order—as well as all other fraternal benefit societies—placing itself on a firm foundation as to rates.

An insurance society which in these days does not recognize that the cost of insurance is fixed by laws other than man's laws—namely, the laws of nature—or prescribes for its members either a flat rate, irrespective of the age of its members, or any other rate that is not scientifically safe, is deceiving both itself and its members and approaching the time—perhaps slowly, but not the less surely—when it must fall and its contracts be repudiated. The fraternal spirit is a good thing; but the rates and management of fraternal societies must also be such that the beneficiaries of the last member to die will receive every dollar that such member's certificate calls for."

State Insurance Commissioner Ekern of Wisconsin has issued an official interview in which he says: "Fraternal societies generally have come to recognize that their business must be conducted on a sound basis. This means a re-rating for nearly every society, and members who do not fully understand the situation are often inclined to complain of increases in their rates. They should understand that with a re-rating on a sound basis they have a much more valuable insurance than before. All are benefited by getting a permanent insurance for what was uncertain before. The Modern Woodmen of America, by reason of its long experience with a large membership, is permitted to make a rate upon its own experience, which is even lower than that based on the National Fraternal Congress table, which new societies must adopt. The cost of this insurance is not a matter of mortality tables or rates charged, but depends upon the actual deaths in the society. A re-rating merely means that each member shall pay his real share of that cost. Members who think of dropping their insurance will do well to take enough time to study the question before doing anything which may bring regret to both themselves and their families."

The Chicago Inter Ocean says: "It is unpleasant for the members of the Modern Woodmen Society to have to pay more for their insurance, but let them think how much more unpleasant it would be for those 5,000,000 women and children, or any of them, to be deprived of that protection because their husbands or fathers got angry. That is what all Woodmen should think about."

The woman who shows her teeth and smiles is reasonably sure to attain her object much quicker than the one who shows her teeth and growls.

The Paxton Toilet Co. of Boston, Mass., will send a large trial box of Paxtine Antiseptic, a delightful cleansing and germicidal toilet preparation, to any woman, free, upon request.

Some of the charity that begins at home isn't up to the standard.

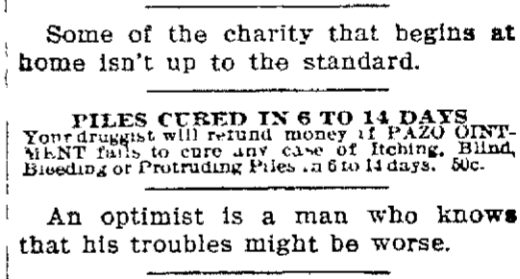
FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. Your druggist will refund money if PAXO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. See.

An optimist is a man who knows that his troubles might be worse.

Garfield Tea, the natural remedy for Constipation, can always be relied on.

Many a bride is self-possessed even when given away.

BACKACHE A SIGNAL OF DISTRESS



Pain in the back is the signal of distress. If this timely warning is ignored, there is grave danger of dropsy, gravel, uric poisoning, or Bright's disease.

When you have reason to suspect your kidneys, use a special kidney medicine.

Doan's Kidney Pills relieve weak, congested kidneys—cure backache—regulate the urines. Good proof in the following statement.

CONVINCING TESTIMONY

C. D. Kessler, 408 F. 5th St., Mendota, Ill., says: "I became so bad from kidney trouble, I was unable to do any work. The doctors could not help me and my friends gave up hope. As a last resort, I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and soon after passed a gravel stone. Later on several more stones passed, and from then on I improved until cured."

AT ALL DEALERS 50c. a Box

DOAN'S Kidney Pills

WANTED Everybody suffering from Piles, Fistula, Hemorrhoids, Ulceration, Inflammation, Constipation, Bleeding or Itching Piles, write for free trial of Positive Painless Pile Cure. S. U. TARNER, Auburn, Ind.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER

JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS CO., Troy, N. Y.

50c buys 11 fancy scarf and brooch pins worth 10c each, and one imported Italian Mosaic Brooch cheap at 50c. We send catalogues, Wholesale Specialty Co., 1157 Lyndale Ave., So., Minneapolis, Minn.

AUTO ROAD MAPS 22 states, 5846, 10c each, 8 for 75c. Colo. and Mo., large, 50c each, stamps. THE AUTO-GUIDE, Denver, Col.

PATENTS Larson & Ross, Book Free 121 C, Schiller Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

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ALL CARS
GUARANTEED
AS REPRESENTED

We are in the used car business on the only logical basis. We tell you the actual truth about the car you buy and back it up with a guarantee. We offer only good used cars which have been thoroughly overhauled and put in good running condition by experts.

You can purchase one of these and have your local wagon maker build a delivery body for you, to suit your own requirements. Think of the convenience of a reliable delivery wagon and touring car combination for a moderate price.

Write us Today

We may have just the car you are looking for.

Write us your preference:— seating capacity, kind of body, etc. We will tell you frankly whether we have a car we can recommend to you. If we have, the price will be right, and you can deal with us satisfactorily, no matter where you live. Our stock includes many of the most famous cars in America.

Please remember every car is guaranteed as represented. We are a corporation with paid up capital, in business to stay. Address,

LA SALLE AUTO SALES CO.
2031 Michigan Blvd., CHICAGO

Sad Case.

"I hear your husband has lost his public job."

"Yes."

"What does he expect to do now?"

"Well, he told me this morning that unless he could get reinstated pretty soon he would have to go to work somewhere."—Chicago Record-Herald.

There is nothing heavenly about war.—or Dyspepsia. The world is outgrowing the first, and Garfield Tea will conquer Dyspepsia.

Theory alone never accomplished anything worth while.

"Pink Eye" is Epidemic in the Spring. Try Marine Eye Remedy for Reliable Relief.

And most of our troubles are magnified at short range.

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

REAL ESTATE

ARKANSAS The Farmer's Paradise If you want to know about this great state, send for FREE booklet, "Facts about Arkansas. There's a message in it for you. H. S. Blackwood, Helena, Ark."

FOR SALE wheat lands at \$5 an acre. In district where prices will double. For good good land, best of terms. Write T. D. Forbes, Bank of Toronto, Montmartre, Sask. Can.

280 ACRES Southern Alberta, 160 fenced, 100 sold. 4 miles good town, \$3000 for cash. Owner, write me, J. H. WRIGHT, 1725 Hught Ave., Superior, Wis.

I Have Best Land for sale in Marshall county, where you can make clear of \$100 per acre each year. Write or come if you want to buy good land. Add. Florian Real Estate Co., Stephens, Minn.

SASKATON is in the heart of the hard wheat belt. We will furnish information concerning land, stock, and without cost to you. If you don't buy, send the word to both of us. If you do, we will both make money. McMillan Commission Co., Saskatoon, Can., Box 62.

WESTERN CANADA FARM LANDS for \$12-\$15 per acre in the finest mixed farming district in Canadian West. Close to Prince Albert, Sask. splendid market. Free Government homesteads also within 25 miles of city, crops excellent, settlement coming in fast. For free literature and maps, write Julius S. Woodward, Sec. Board of Trade, Dept. L, Prince Albert, Sask.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin to prepare for your future prosperity and independence now. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba. Free Government homesteads also within 25 miles of city, crops excellent, settlement coming in fast. For free literature and maps, write Julius S. Woodward, Sec. Board of Trade, Dept. L, Prince Albert, Sask.

Now's the Time—not a year from now, when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of wheat, oats and barley, as well as cattle raising, are amazing. A steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in the West has increased from the U. S. was 60 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the profits of one crop. Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emption of 80 acres for \$200 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities. Low freight rates on wheat, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particularly as to suitable location and low settlers' rates, apply to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or Canadian Govt. Agent.

C. J. Bronghton, 4117 Broadway at 1st St. Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; Geo. Aird, 214 Tradition Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.; Geo. A. Bell, 101 S. 4th St., Milwaukee, Wis.